

May 2017

No. OCH651

## **SERVICE MANUAL**

## **R410A**

PUHZ-SHW80VAA

PUHZ-SHW112VAA

PUHZ-SHW80YAA

PUHZ-SHW112YAA

PUHZ-SW75VAA

PUHZ-SW100VAA

PUHZ-SW75YAA

PUHZ-SW100YAA

[Model Name]

[Service Ref.]

PUHZ-SHW80VAA.UK

PUHZ-SHW112VAA.UK

PUHZ-SHW80YAA.UK PUHZ-SHW112YAA.UK

**PUHZ-SW75VAA.UK** 

PUHZ-SW100VAA.UK

PUHZ-SW75YAA.UK

PUHZ-SHW112YAA-BS.UK

PUHZ-SW100YAA.UK

#### Salt proof model

**PUHZ-SHW80VAA-BS** 

PUHZ-SHW112YAA-BS

PUHZ-SHW80VAA-BS.UK

PUHZ-SHW112VAA-BS PUHZ-SHW112VAA-BS.UK PUHZ-SHW80YAA-BS

PUHZ-SHW80YAA-BS.UK

PUHZ-SW75VAA-BS.UK PUHZ-SW75VAA-BS

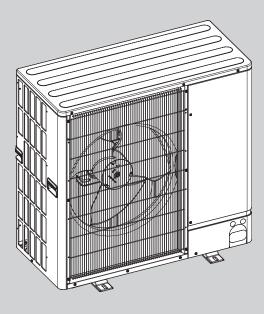
PUHZ-SW100VAA-BS.UK PUHZ-SW100VAA-BS

PUHZ-SW75YAA-BS PUHZ-SW75YAA-BS.UK

PUHZ-SW100YAA-BS.UK PUHZ-SW100YAA-BS

#### Note:

· This manual describes service data of the outdoor units only.



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11 DISASSEM	BLY PROCEDU	RF65

PARTS CATALOG (OCB651)

## **REFERENCE MANUAL**

# INDOOR UNIT SERVICE MANUAL 1-1. FOR AIR TO WATER SYSTEM

Model name	Service ref.	Service manual No.
EHST20C-VM6HB EHST20C-YM9HB EHST20C-TM9HB EHST20C-VM2B EHST20C-VM6B EHST20C-YM9B EHST20C-YM9B EHST20C-VM6EB EHST20C-YM9EB EHST20C-VM6SB	EHST20C-VM6HB.UK EHST20C-YM9HB.UK EHST20C-TM9HB.UK EHST20C-VM2B.UK EHST20C-VM6B.UK EHST20C-YM9B.UK EHST20C-YM9B.UK EHST20C-VM6EB.UK EHST20C-VM6EB.UK	OCH531/OCB531
EHSC-VM2B EHSC-VM6B EHSC-YM9B EHSC-TM9B EHSC-VM6EB EHSC-YM9EB ERSC-VM2B	EHSC-VM2B.UK EHSC-VM6B.UK EHSC-YM9B.UK EHSC-TM9B.UK EHSC-VM6EB.UK EHSC-VM6EB.UK EHSC-YM9EB.UK	OCH532/OCB532
EHST20C-VM2C EHST20C-VM6C EHST20C-YM9C EHST20C-TM9C EHST20C-VM2EC EHST20C-VM6EC EHST20C-VM9EC EHST20C-MHCW EHST20C-MEC ERST20C-VM2C ERST20C-VM2C ERST20C-VM2C ERST20D-VM2C EHST20D-VM2C EHST20D-VM2C EHST20D-VM9C EHST20D-MHCW EHST20D-MHCW EHST20D-MHCW EHST20D-MHCC EHST20D-MHC	EHST20C-VM2C(R1/R2).UK EHST20C-VM6C(R1/R2).UK EHST20C-YM9C(R1/R2).UK EHST20C-TM9C(R1/R2).UK EHST20C-VM2EC(R1/R2).UK EHST20C-VM6EC(R1/R2).UK EHST20C-VM6EC(R1/R2).UK EHST20C-MHCW(R1/R2).UK EHST20C-MEC(R1/R2).UK EHST20C-MEC(R1/R2).UK EHST20C-MEC(R1/R2).UK ERST20C-VM2C(R1/R2).UK ERST20C-W6C(R1/R2).UK EHST20D-VM2C(R1/R2).UK EHST20D-VM2C(R1/R2).UK EHST20D-VM2C(R1/R2).UK EHST20D-VM9C(R1/R2).UK EHST20D-MHCW(R1/R2).UK EHST20D-MHCW(R1/R2).UK EHST20D-MHCW(R1/R2).UK	OCH570/OCB570
EHSC-MEC EHSC-VM2C EHSC-VM2EC EHSC-VM6EC EHSC-VM6EC EHSC-YM9C EHSC-TM9C EHSC-TM9C ERSC-MEC ERSC-MEC ERSC-MEC ERSD-MC EHSD-MC EHSD-MC EHSD-W2C EHSD-VM2C EHSD-VM2C EHSD-VM2C	EHSC-MEC(R1/R2).UK EHSC-VM2C(R1/R2).UK EHSC-VM2EC(R1/R2).UK EHSC-VM6EC(R1/R2).UK EHSC-VM6EC(R1/R2).UK EHSC-VM9C(R1/R2).UK EHSC-YM9C(R1/R2).UK EHSC-TM9C(R1/R2).UK EHSC-TM9C(R1/R2).UK ERSC-MEC(R1/R2).UK ERSC-MEC(R1/R2).UK ERSC-VM2C(R1/R2).UK ERSD-VM2C(R1/R2).UK EHSD-MC(R1/R2).UK EHSD-MC(R1/R2).UK EHSD-MEC(R1/R2).UK EHSD-VM2C(R1/R2).UK EHSD-VM2C(R1/R2).UK EHSD-VM2C(R1/R2).UK	OCH571/OCB571
PAC-IF011B-E PAC-IF032B-E	PAC-IF011B-E PAC-IF032B-E	OCB427
PAC-IF061B-E	PAC-IF061B-E(R1/R2)	OCB572
PAC-SIF051B-E	PAC-SIF051B-E(R2)	OCB536

## 2

#### 2-1. ALWAYS OBSERVE FOR SAFETY

Before obtaining access to terminal, all supply circuits must be disconnected.

#### Preparation before the repair service.

- Prepare the proper tools.
- Prepare the proper protectors.
- Provide adequate ventilation.
- After stopping the operation of the heat pump units, turn off the power-supply breaker.
- Discharge the condenser before the work involving the electric parts.

#### Precautions during the repair service.

- Do not perform the work involving the electric parts with wet hands.
- · Do not pour water into the electric parts.
- Do not touch the refrigerant.
- Do not touch the hot or cold areas in the refrigerating cycle.
- When the repair or the inspection of the circuit needs to be done without turning off the power, exercise great caution not to touch the live parts.

#### 2-2. CAUTIONS RELATED TO NEW REFRIGERANT

Cautions for units utilizing refrigerant R410A

#### Use new refrigerant pipes.

In case of using the existing pipes for R22, be careful with the following:

- · Be sure to perform replacement operation before test run.
- · Change flare nut to the one provided with this product. Use a newly flared pipe.
- · Avoid using thin pipes.

Make sure that the inside and outside of refrigerant piping is clean and it has no contaminants such as sulfur, oxides, dirt, shaving particles, etc, which are hazard to refrigerant cycle. In addition, use pipes with specified thickness.

Contamination inside refrigerant piping can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil, etc.

Store the piping indoors, and both ends of the piping sealed until just before brazing. (Leave elbow joints, etc. in their packaging.)

If dirt, dust or moisture enters into refrigerant cycle, that can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil or malfunction of compressor.

The refrigerant oil applied to flare and flange connections must be ester oil, ether oil or alkylbenzene oil in a small amount.

If large amount of mineral oil enters, that can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil, etc.

## Charge refrigerant from liquid phase of gas cylinder.

If the refrigerant is charged from gas phase, composition change may occur in refrigerant and the efficiency will be lowered.

#### Do not use refrigerant other than R410A.

If other refrigerant (R22, etc.) is used, chlorine in refrigerant can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil, etc.

## Use a vacuum pump with a reverse flow check valve.

Vacuum pump oil may flow back into refrigerant cycle and that can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil, etc.

## Use the following tools specifically designed for use with R410A refrigerant.

The following tools are necessary to use R410A refrigerant.

Tools for R410A			
Gauge manifold	Flare tool		
Charge hose	Size adjustment gauge		
Gas leak detector	Vacuum pump adaptor		
Torque wrench	Electronic refrigerant charging scale		

#### Handle tools with care.

If dirt, dust or moisture enters into refrigerant cycle, that can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil or malfunction of compressor.

#### Do not use a charging cylinder.

If a charging cylinder is used, the composition of refrigerant will change and the efficiency will be lowered.

Ventilate the room if refrigerant leaks during operation. If refrigerant comes into contact with a flame, poisonous gases will be released.

#### Use the specified refrigerant only.

#### Never use any refrigerant other than that specified.

Doing so may cause a burst, an explosion, or fire when the unit is being used, serviced, or disposed of.

Correct refrigerant is specified in the manuals and on the spec labels provided with our products.

We will not be held responsible for mechanical failure, system malfunction, unit breakdown or accidents caused by failure to follow the instructions.

OCH651

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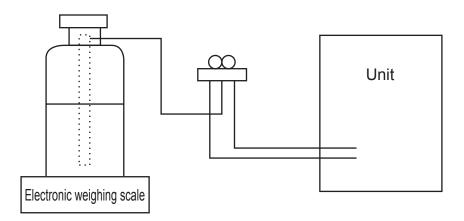
### [1] Cautions for service

- (1) Perform service after recovering the refrigerant left in unit completely.
- (2) Do not release refrigerant in the air.
- (3) After completing service, charge the cycle with specified amount of refrigerant.
- (4) If moisture or foreign matter might have entered the refrigerant piping during service, ensure to remove them.

### [2] Additional refrigerant charge

When charging directly from cylinder

- (1) Check that cylinder for R410A on the market is a syphon type.
- (2) Charging should be performed with the cylinder of syphon stood vertically. (Refrigerant is charged from liquid phase.)



#### [3] Service tools

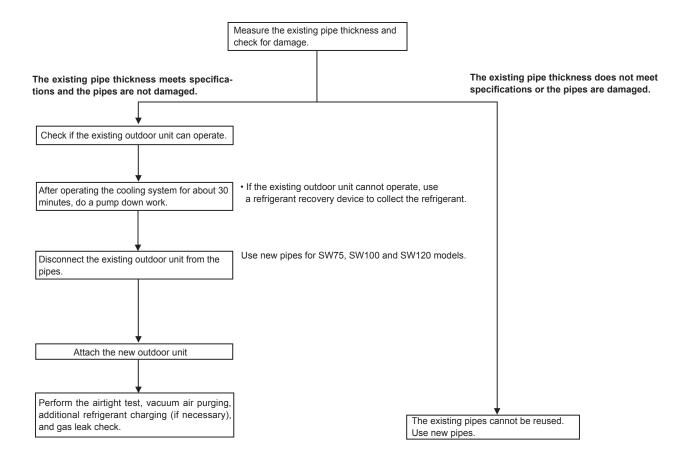
Use the below service tools as exclusive tools for R410A refrigerant.

No.	Tool name	Specifications		
		· Only for R410A		
1	Gauge manifold	· Use the existing fitting specifications. (UNF1/2)		
		· Use high-tension side pressure of 5.3 MPa·G or over.		
2	Charge hose	· Only for R410A		
	Charge nose	· Use pressure performance of 5.09 MPa·G or over.		
3	Electronic weighing scale	_		
4	Gas leak detector	· Use the detector for R134a, R407C or R410A.		
(5)	Adaptor for reverse flow check	· Attach on vacuum pump.		
6	Refrigerant charge base	_		
	5 6: 4 1: 4	· Only for R410A · Top of cylinder (Pink)		
7	Refrigerant cylinder	· Cylinder with syphon		
8	Refrigerant recovery equipment	_		

#### 2-3. PRECAUTIONS WHEN REUSING EXISTING R22 REFRIGERANT PIPES

#### **Flowchart**

- Refer to the flowchart below to determine if the existing pipes can be used and if it is necessary to use a filter dryer.
- If the diameter of the existing pipes is different from the specified diameter, refer to technological data materials to confirm if the pipes can be used.



#### 2-4. PRECAUTIONS FOR SALT PROOF TYPE "-BS" MODEL

Although "-BS" model has been designed to be resistant to salt damage, observe the following precautions to maintain the performance of the unit.

- (1) Avoid installing the unit in a location where it will be exposed directly to seawater or sea breeze.
- (2) If the cover panel may become covered with salt, be sure to install the unit in a location where the salt will be washed away by rainwater. (If a sunshade is installed, rainwater may not clean the panel.)
- (3) To ensure that water does not collect in the base of the outdoor unit, make sure that the base is level, not at angle. Water collecting in the base of the outdoor unit could cause rust.
- (4) If the unit is installed in a coastal area, clean the unit with water regularly to remove any salt build-up.
- (5) If the unit is damaged during installation or maintenance, be sure to repair it.
- (6) Be sure to check the condition of the unit regularly.
- (7) Be sure to install the unit in a location with good drainage.

#### Cautions for refrigerant piping work

New refrigerant R410A is adopted for replacement inverter series. Although the refrigerant piping work for R410A is same as for R22, exclusive tools are necessary so as not to mix with different kind of refrigerant. Furthermore as the working pressure of R410A is 1.6 times higher than that of R22, their sizes of flared sections and flare nuts are different.

#### ① Thickness of pipes

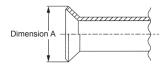
Because the working pressure of R410A is higher compared to R22, be sure to use refrigerant piping with thickness shown below. (Never use pipes of 0.7 mm or below.)

Diagram below: Piping diameter and thickness

Nominal	Outside	Thickness (mm)		
dimensions(inch)	diameter (mm)	R410A	R22	
1/4	6.35	0.8	0.8	
3/8	9.52	0.8	0.8	
1/2	12.70	0.8	0.8	
5/8	15.88	1.0	1.0	
3/4	19.05	_	1.0	

#### ② Dimensions of flare cutting and flare nut

The component molecules in HFC refrigerant are smaller compared to conventional refrigerants. In addition to that, R410A is a refrigerant, which has higher risk of leakage because its working pressure is higher than that of other refrigerants. Therefore, to enhance airtightness and strength, flare cutting dimension of copper pipe for R410A has been specified separately from the dimensions for other refrigerants as shown below. The dimension B of flare nut for R410A also has partly been changed to increase strength as shown below. Set copper pipe correctly referring to copper pipe flaring dimensions for R410A below. For 1/2 and 5/8 inch pipes, the dimension B changes. Use torque wrench corresponding to each dimension.







Flare cutting dimensions

Nominal	Outside	Dimension	A ( +0 / -0.4 ) (mm)
dimensions(in)	diameter (mm)	R410A	R22
1/4	6.35	9.1	9.0
3/8	9.52	13.2	13.0
1/2	12.70	16.6	16.2
5/8	15.88	19.7	19.4
3/4	19.05	_	23.3

Flare nut dimensions

ſ	Nominal	Outside	Dimen	sion B (mm)
	dimensions(in)	diameter (mm)	R410A	R22
	1/4	6.35	17.0	17.0
ſ	3/8	9.52	22.0	22.0
	1/2	12.70	26.0	24.0
	5/8	15.88	29.0 *	27.0
ſ	3/4	19.05	-	36.0

<sup>\* 36.0</sup>mm for indoor unit of RP100, 125 and 140

#### ③ Tools for R410A (The following table shows whether conventional tools can be used or not.)

Tools and materials	Use	R410A tools	Can R22 tools be used?	Can R407C tools be used?
Gauge manifold	Air purge, refrigerant charge	Tool exclusive for R410A	×	×
Charge hose	and operation check	Tool exclusive for R410A	×	×
Gas leak detector	Gas leak check	Tool for HFC refrigerant	×	0
Refrigerant recovery equipment	Refrigerant recovery	Tool exclusive for R410A	×	×
Refrigerant cylinder	Refrigerant charge	Tool exclusive for R410A	×	×
Applied oil	Apply to flared section	Ester oil, ether oil and alky- lbenzene oil (minimum amount)		Ester oil, ether oil: O Alkylbenzene oil: minimum amount
Safety charger	Prevent compressor malfunction when charging refrigerant by spraying liquid refrigerant	Tool exclusive for R410A	×	×
Charge valve	Prevent gas from blowing out when detaching charge hose	Tool exclusive for R410A	×	×
Vacuum pump	Vacuum drying and air purge	Tools for other refrigerants can be used if equipped with adap- ter for reverse flow check	∆ (Usable if equipped with adapter for reverse flow)	△ (Usable if equipped with adapter for reverse flow)
Flare tool	Flaring work of piping	Tools for other refrigerants can be used by adjusting flaring dimension	∆ (Usable by adjusting flaring dimension)	△ (Usable by adjusting flaring dimension)
Bender	Bend the pipes	Tools for other refrigerants can be used		0
Pipe cutter	Cut the pipes	Tools for other refrigerants can be used		0
Welder and nitrogen gas cylinder	Weld the pipes	Tools for other refrigerants can be used	0	0
Refrigerant charging scale	Charge refrigerant	Tools for other refrigerants can be used	0	0
Vacuum gauge or thermis-	Check the degree of vacuum. (Vacuum	Tools for other refrigerants	0	0
tor vacuum gauge and	valve prevents back flow of oil and refri-	can be used		
vacuum valve	gerant to thermistor vacuum gauge)			
Charging cylinder	Refrigerant charge	Tool exclusive for R410A	×	_

- $\times$ : Prepare a new tool. (Use the new tool as the tool exclusive for R410A.)
- $\triangle$ : Tools for other refrigerants can be used under certain conditions.
- ○: Tools for other refrigerants can be used.

## **SPECIFICATIONS**

S	Service Ref.			PUHZ-SHW80VAA(-BS).UK	PUHZ-SHW80YAA(-BS).UK	
	Power source (Pha	ase, cycle, voltag	ge)	Single 50 Hz, 230 V	3-Phase 50 Hz, 400 V	
	Max. cui	rrent	A	22.0	13.0	
	External finish			Munsell: Munsell N2.75 (F		
	Refrigerant control			Linear Expar	nsion Valve	
	Compressor			Herm	etic	
		Model		DNK28FBAMT	DNK28FBBMT	
		Motor output	kW	2.2	2	
	Starter type			Inver	ter	
OUTDOOR UNIT		Protection devi	ces	HP switch, LP switch Overcurrent detection, (	Discharge thermo, Comp. surface thermo	
⊋	Crankcase heater		W	_		
ĺö	Heat exchanger	,		Plate fin coil		
	Fan	Fan (drive) × N	0.	Propeller	fan x 1	
15		Fan motor output	t kW	0.2		
0		Air flow	m³/min (CFM)	50 (1,760)		
	Defrost method			Reverse cycle		
	Sound power level		dB	59	59	
	Dimensions	W	mm (inch)	1020 (40	,	
		D	mm (inch)	480 (18	,	
		Н	mm (inch)	1050 (41	,	
	Weight		kg (lb)	116 (256)	128 (282)	
	Refrigerant			R41		
	Charge		kg (lb)	4.6 (1	,	
L	Oil (Mod		L	1.00 (FVC68D)		
e	Pipe size OD	Liquid	mm (inch)	9.52 (	,	
igia		Gas	mm (inch)	15.88 (5/8)		
ant	Connection	Indoor side		Flared		
ger	method	Outdoor side		Flared		
Refrigerant piping	Between the	Height differen	ce	Maximum 30 m		
Ľ	indoor & outdoor Piping length			2 to 75 m		

ervice Ref.				PUHZ-SHW112VAA(-BS).UK	PUHZ-SHW112YAA(-BS).UK	
Power sou	urce (Ph	ase, cycle, volta	ge)	Single 50 Hz, 230 V	3-Phase 50 Hz, 400 V	
	Max. current A		A	28.0	13.0	
External fi	External finish			Munsell: Munsell N2.75 (F		
Refrigerar	nt contro	I		Linear Expar	nsion Valve	
Compress	Compressor			Herm	etic	
		Model		DNK28FBAMT	DNK28FBBMT	
		Motor output	kW	2.2	2	
	Starter type Protection devices			Inverter		
Crankcase Heat exch			ices	HP switch, LP switch Discharge thermo, Overcurrent detection, Comp. surface thermo		
Crankcase	e heater		W		-	
Heat exchanger		Plate fin coil				
Fan		Fan (drive) × N	lo.	Propeller fan x 1		
5		Fan motor output	t kW	0.2	2	
	Air flow r		m³/min (CFM)	50 (1,760)		
	Defrost method			Reverse cycle		
Sound pov			dB	60	60	
Dimension	ns	W	mm (inch)	1020 (40	0-3/16)	
		D	mm (inch)	480 (18	,	
		H	mm (inch)	1050 (4)	,	
Weight			kg (lb)	116 (256)	128 (282)	
Refrigerar				R410A		
	Charge		kg (lb)	4.6 (10.1)		
	Oil (Mo	del)	L	1.00 (FVC68D)		
Pipe size	OD	Liquid	mm (inch)	9.52 (	3/8)	
5		Gas	mm (inch)	15.88	\ \ /	
Connectio	n	Indoor side		Flared		
method		Outdoor side		Flared		
Connection method  Between to indoor & connection method		Height differen	ce	Maximur	·· · · · ·	
indoor & o	outdoor	Piping length		2 to 75 m		

Se	Service Ref.		PUHZ-SW75VAA(-BS).UK	PUHZ-SW75YAA(-BS).UK		
	Power source	(Phase, cycle, voltage	je)	Single, 50Hz, 230V	3-Phase 50 Hz, 400 V	
	Max	x. current	A	22.0	11.5	
	External finish			Munsell Munsell N2.75 (l		
	Refrigerant co	ntrol		Linear Expa	nsion Valve	
	Compressor			Hern	netic	
		Model		SNB220FEGMC-L1	SNB220FEAMC-L1	
		Motor output	kW	1.	5	
		Starter type		Inve	erter	
LINI		Protection devi	ces	HP switch, Comp Discharge thermo, O	o. surface thermo ver current detection	
	Crankcase he	ater	W		-	
OUTDOOR	Heat exchang	xchanger		Plate fin coil		
18	Fan	Fan (drive) × N	0.	Propeller fan x 1		
15		Fan motor output	kW	0.074		
0		Air flow	m³/min (CFM)	44(1,550)		
	Defrost metho	d		Revers	e cycle	
	Sound power	level Heating	dB	58	58	
	Dimensions	W	mm (inch)	1020 (4	0-3/16)	
		D	mm (inch)	480 (1	8-7/8)	
		H	mm (inch)	1050 (4	1-5/16)	
	Weight		kg (lb)	92 (203)	104 (229)	
	Refrigerant			R4′	10A	
		arge	kg (lb)	3.0 (	,	
	Oil	(Model)	L	0.60(FV50S)		
اص	Pipe size OD	Liquid	mm (inch)	9.52	· /	
lig		Gas	mm (inch)	15.88(5/8)		
art	Connection	Indoor side		Fla		
ger	Pipe size OD  Connection method  Between the indoor & outdo	Outdoor side		Flared		
(Seffi	Between the Height differe		ce	Maximum 30 m		
L	indoor & outdo	Piping length		2 to 40 m		

Service Ref.				PUHZ-SW100VAA(-BS).UK	PUHZ-SW100YAA(-BS).UK	
Р	ower source (F	hase, cycle, volta	ge)	Single, 50Hz, 230V	3-Phase 50 Hz, 400 V	
	Max.	current	A	28.0	13.0	
E	External finish			Munsell: N8.75 Munsell N2.75 (FRONT PANEL)		
R	Refrigerant control			Linear Expa	nsion Valve	
C	Compressor			Hern	netic	
	Model			DNB28FBAMT	DNB28FBBMT	
		Motor output	kW	2.	2	
		Starter type		Inve		
		Protection dev	ices	HP switch, LP switch, Discharge thermo, O	Comp. surface thermo ver current detection	
Ç.	rankcase heate	er	W	_	_	
įΗ	Heat exchanger			Plate fin coil		
네F	an	Fan (drive) × N		Propeller fan x 1		
5		Fan motor outpu	t kW	0.2		
⊃∟		Air flow	m³/min (CFM)	50 (1,760)		
- 1	efrost method			Reverse cycle		
_	ound power lev		dB	60	60	
D	imensions	W	mm (inch)	1020 (40-3/16)		
		D	mm (inch)	480 (1	,	
		Н	mm (inch)	1050 (4	,	
	Veight		kg (lb)	114 (251)	126 (278)	
R	Refrigerant			R41		
	Charg		kg (lb)	4.2 (9.2)		
4	Oil (M		L	1.0 (FVC68D)		
<sub>ව</sub>  P	ipe size OD	Liquid	mm (inch)	9.52	· /	
		Gas	mm (inch)	15.88(5/8)		
≝  C	Connection	Indoor side		Flared		
g -	ietrioa	Outdoor side		Flared		
	Connection nethod letween the ndoor & outdoor	Height differen	ce	Maximu		
<u> – III</u>	10001 & 0010001	Piping length		2 to 7	2 to 75 m	

## 4

## **DATA**

## 4-1. REFILLING REFRIGERANT CHARGE (R410A: kg)

Service Ref.	Piping length (one way)							
Service Rei.	10 m	20 m	30 m	40 m	50 m	60 m	75 m	charged
PUHZ-SHW80VAA(-BS).UK PUHZ-SHW112VAA(-BS).UK PUHZ-SHW80YAA(-BS).UK PUHZ-SHW112YAA(-BS).UK	4.6	4.6	4.6	5.2	5.6	5.8	6.0	4.6
PUHZ-SW75VAA(-BS).UK PUHZ-SW75YAA(-BS).UK	3.0	3.6	4.2	4.8	_	_	_	3.0
PUHZ-SW100VAA(-BS).UK PUHZ-SW100YAA(-BS).UK	4.2	4.4	4.6	5.2	5.6	5.8	6.0	4.2

Additional charge is required for pipes longer than 30 m (SHW80/SHW112) and 10 m (SW75/SW100).

## 4-2. COMPRESSOR TECHNICAL DATA

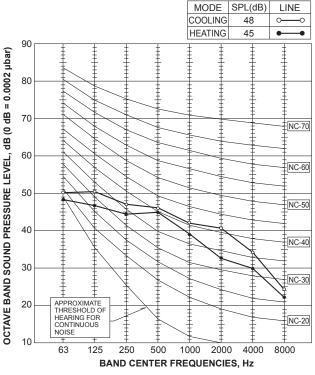
(at 20°C)

Service Ref.		PUHZ-SHW80VAA(-BS).UK PUHZ-SHW112VAA(-BS).UK	PUHZ-SHW80YAA(-BS).UK PUHZ-SHW112YAA(-BS).UK	PUHZ-SW75VAA(-BS).UK	PUHZ-SW75YAA(-BS).UK
Compressor model		DNK28FBAMT	DNK28FBBMT	SNB220FEGMC-L1	SNB220FEAMC-L1
\ \ \ ( \) = =   \( \) = =	U-V	0.74	0.94	0.95	1.65
Winding Resistance (Ω)	U-W	0.74	0.94	0.95	1.65
The Sistance (12)	W-V	0.74	0.94	0.95	1.65

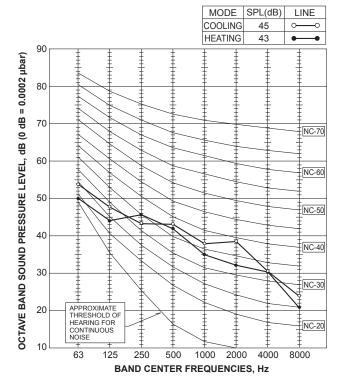
Service Ref.		PUHZ-SW100VAA(-BS).UK	PUHZ-SW100YAA(-BS).UK	
Compressor mo	odel	DNB28FBAMT	DNB28FBBMT	
VA (i.e. eline er	U-V	0.74	0.94	
Winding Resistance (Ω)	U-W	0.74	0.94	
Nesistance (12)	W-V	0.74	0.94	

#### 4-3. NOISE CRITERION CURVES

PUHZ-SHW80VAA.UK PUHZ-SHW80YAA.UK PUHZ-SHW80VAA-BS.UK PUHZ-SHW80YAA-BS.UK

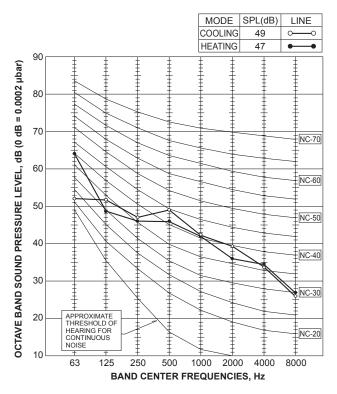


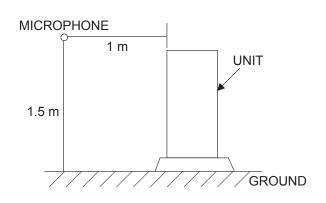
PUHZ-SW75VAA.UK PUHZ-SW75YAA.UK PUHZ-SW75VAA-BS.UK PUHZ-SW75YAA-BS.UK



PUHZ-SHW112VAA.UK PUHZ-SHW112VAA-BS.UK PUHZ-SW100VAA.UK PUHZ-SW100VAA-BS.UK

PUHZ-SHW112YAA.UK PUHZ-SHW112YAA-BS.UK PUHZ-SW100YAA.UK PUHZ-SW100YAA-BS.UK





## **OUTLINES AND DIMENSIONS**

PUHZ-SHW80VAA.UK PUHZ-SHW80VAA-BS.UK PUHZ-SW75VAA.UK PUHZ-SW75VAA-BS.UK PUHZ-SHW112VAA.UK PUHZ-SHW112VAA-BS.UK PUHZ-SW100VAA.UK PUHZ-SW100VAA-BS.UK

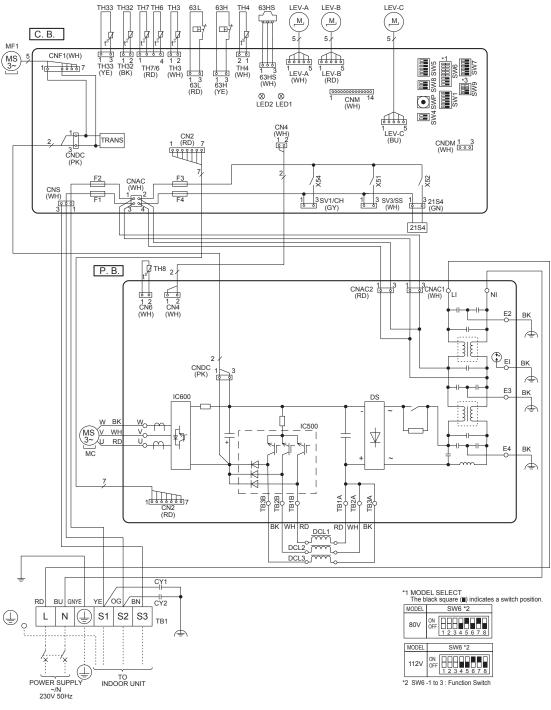
PUHZ-SHW80YAA.UK PUHZ-SHW80YAA-BS.UK PUHZ-SW75YAA.UK PUHZ-SW75YAA-BS.UK PUHZ-SHW112YAA.UK PUHZ-SHW112YAA-BS.UK PUHZ-SW100YAA.UK PUHZ-SW100YAA-BS.UK

PUHZ-SW75YAA-BS.UK PUHZ-SW100YAA-BS.UK Unit: mm HANDLE FOR MOVING TERMINAL CONNECTION (LEFT...POWER SUPPLYWIRING) (RIGHT-. INDOOR / OUTDOOR WIRING) REAR PIPING COVER FRONT PIPING COVER 2XU SHAPED NOTCH HOLES (FOUNDATION BOLT M10) SERVICE PANEL HANDLE FOR MOVING 7.08 £3 2X12X36 OVAL HOLES (FOUNDATION BOLT M10) \*1 328 \*1 338 87  $\Theta$ 220 (61) (d) BOTTOM PIPING HOLE (KNOCK OUT) 75 EARTH TERMINAL 1050 009 REAR AIR INTAKE AIR DISCHARGE 363 225 30 HANDLE FOR MOVING 1020 SIDE AIR INTAKE POWER SUPPLY WIRING HOLE (2X \$27 KNOCK-OUT) REAR TRUNKING HOLE (KNOCK-OUT) REAR PIPING HOLE 4 PIPING-WIRING DIRECTIONS PIPING AND WIRING CONNECTIONS CAN BE MADE FROM 4 DIRECTIONS: FRONT,RIGHT,REAR AND BELOW. SIDE AIR INTAKE 88 52 30 HANDLE FOR MOVING 1100 RIGHT TRUNKING HOLE POWER SUPPLY WIRING HOLE (2X 427 KNOCK-OUT) RIGHT PIPING HOLE 3 FOUNDATION BOLTS PLEASE SECURE THE UNIT FIRMLY WITH 4 FOUNDATION (M10) BOLTS. (BOLTS AND WASHERS MUST BE <FOUNDATION BOLT HEIGHT> (KNOCK-OUT) REAR AIR INTAKE PURCHASED LOCALLY.) NAHT S23 30 ks 118 M DIMENSIONS OF SPACE NEEDED FOR SERVICE ACCESS ARE SHOWN IN THE BELOW DIAGRAM. SO ER 2 SERVICE SPACE 52 30 POWER SUPPLY WIRING HOLE (2X\$\psi 27 KNOCK-OUT) OVER 500 **AIR INTAKE** SERVICE SPACE OVER 15 (2) ··· REFRIGERANT LIQUID PIPE CONNECTION (FLARE) \$9.52(3)8F) (1) ··· REFRIGERANT GAS PIPE CONNECTION (FLARE) \$\phi\$15.88(58F) 30 91 52 \*1 \*\*\*INDICATION OF STOP VALVE CONNECTION LOCATION. 1 FREE SPACE (AROUND THE UNIT) \*2 ···INDICATION OF TERMINAL CONNECTION LOCATION. PIPING KNOCK-OUT HOLE DETAILS 55 62 THE DIAGRAM BELOW SHOWS A BASIC EXAMPLE. EXPLANATION OF PARTICULAR DETAILS ARE GIVEN IN THE INSTALLATION MANUALS etc. **EXAMPLE OF NOTES** FRONT TRUNKING HOLE (KNOCK-OUT) FRONT PIPING HOLE (KNOCK-OUT)

### **PUHZ-SHW80VAA.UK** PUHZ-SHW80VAA-BS.UK

## **PUHZ-SHW112VAA.UK** PUHZ-SHW112VAA-BS.UK

SYMBOL	NAME	SYMBOL	NAME
TB1	Terminal Block < Power Supply, Indoor/Outdoor>	P.B.	Power Circuit Board
MC	Motor for Compressor	C.B.	Controller Circuit Board
MF1	Fan Motor	SW1	Switch < Manual Defrost, Defect History Record Reset,
21S4	Solenoid Valve (4-Way Valve)	T   SWI	Refrigerant Address>
63H	High Pressure Switch	SW4	Switch <function switch=""></function>
63L	Low Pressure Switch	SW5	Switch <function switch=""></function>
63HS	High Pressure Sensor	SW6	Switch <function model="" select="" switch,=""></function>
TH3	Thermistor <liquid></liquid>	SW7	Switch <function switch=""></function>
TH4	Thermistor < Discharge>	SW8	Switch <function switch=""></function>
TH6	Thermistor <2-Phase Pipe>	SW9	Switch <function switch=""></function>
TH7	Thermistor <ambient></ambient>	SWP	Switch <pump down=""></pump>
TH8	Thermistor <heat sink=""></heat>	CNDM	Connector < Connection for Option>
TH32	Thermistor <suction></suction>	SV1/CH	Connector < Connection for Option>
TH33	Thermistor < Comp. Surface>	SV3/SS	Connector <connection for="" option=""></connection>
LEV-A, LEV-B, LEV-C	Linear Expansion Valve	CNM	Connector <connection for="" option=""></connection>
DCL1, DCL2, DCL3	Reactor	F1, F2, F3, F4	Fuse <t6.3al250v></t6.3al250v>
CY1 CY2	Canacitor		•



\*3 Ambient temp. of ZUBADAN Flash Injection becomes effective. The black square (iii) indicates a switch position.

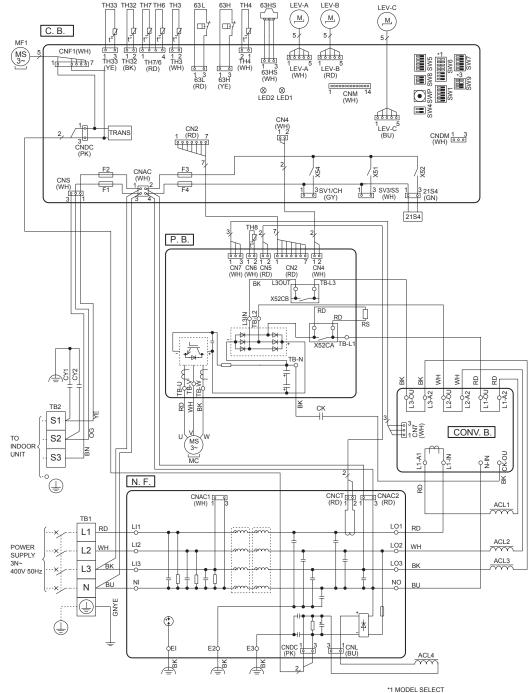
Ambient temp. SW9-3, 9-4 \*4 Ambient temp. SW9-3, 9-4 \*

OCH651

## PUHZ-SHW80YAA.UK PUHZ-SHW80YAA-BS.UK

## PUHZ-SHW112YAA.UK PUHZ-SHW112YAA-BS.UK

SYMBOL	NAME	SY	YMBOL NAME		,	SYMBOL	NAME
TB1	Terminal Block <power supply=""></power>	TH3	33	Thermistor < Comp. Surface>		SW5	Switch <function switch=""></function>
TB2	Terminal Block <indoor outdoor=""></indoor>	LEV-A,	LEV-B, LEV-C	Linear Expansion Valve		SW6	Switch <function model="" select="" switch,=""></function>
MC	Motor for Compressor	ACL	1, ACL2,	Reactor		SW7	Switch <function switch=""></function>
MF1	Fan Motor	ACL:	3, ACL4	Reactor		SW8	Switch <function switch=""></function>
21S4	Solenoid Valve (4-Way Valve)	e) CY1, CY2 Capacitor			SW9	Switch <function switch=""></function>	
63H	High Pressure Switch	CK	CK Capacitor			SWP	Switch <pump down=""></pump>
63L	Low Pressure Switch	RS		Rush Current Protect Resistor		CNDM	Connector < Connection for Option>
63HS	High Pressure Sensor	P. B		Power Circuit Board		SV1/CH	Connector < Connection for Option>
TH3	Thermistor <liquid></liquid>	N. F		Noise Filter Circuit Board		SV3/SS	Connector < Connection for Option>
TH4	Thermistor < Discharge>	CON	NV. B.	Converter Circuit Board		CNM	Connector < Connection for Option>
TH6	Thermistor <2-Phase Pipe>	C. B	3.	Controller Circuit Board		F1, F2, F3, F4	Fuse <t6.3al250v></t6.3al250v>
TH7	Thermistor <ambient></ambient>		W1	Switch <manual defect="" defrost,="" history<="" td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td></manual>			
TH8	Thermistor <heat sink=""></heat>	1 I°	VVI	Record Reset, Refrigerant Address>			
TH32	Thermistor <suction></suction>	S	W4	Switch <function switch=""></function>			



\*2 SW6 -1 to 3 : Function Switch

\*3 Ambient temp. of ZUBADAN Flash Injection becomes effective The black square (**m**) indicates a switch position.

| Ambient temp. | SW9-3, 9-4 \*4 | Ambient temp. | SW9-3, 9-4 \*

\*4 SW9-1 to 2 : Function Switch

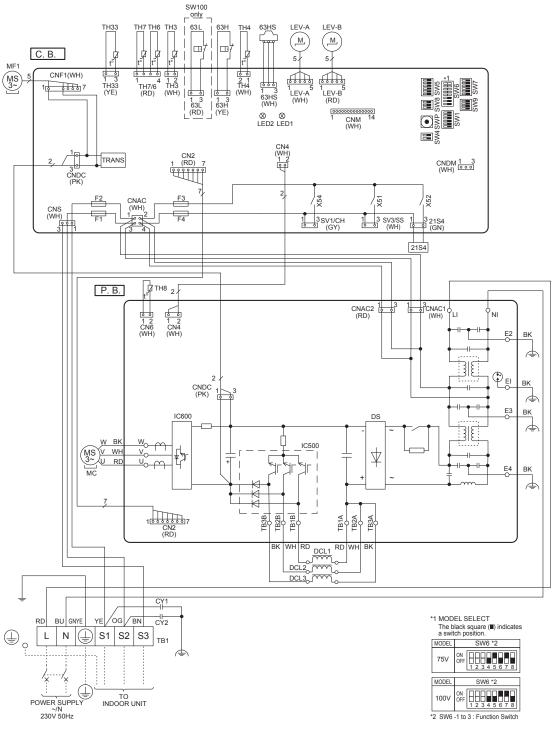
MODEL SW6 \*2

112Y OFF 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8

## PUHZ-SW75VAA.UK PUHZ-SW75VAA-BS.UK

## PUHZ-SW100VAA.UK PUHZ-SW100VAA-BS.UK

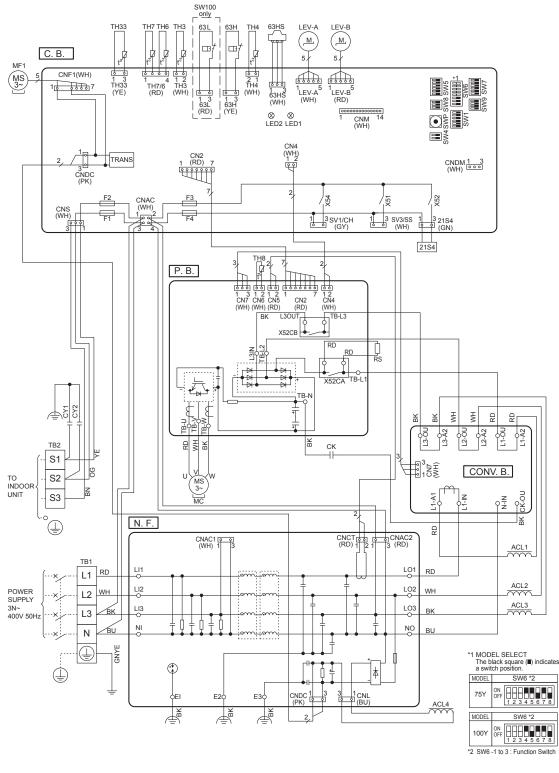
SYMBOL	NAME	Т	SYMBOL	NAME		
TB1	Terminal Block <power indoor="" outdoor="" supply,=""></power>		C.B.	Controller Circuit Board		
MC	Motor for Compressor		SW1	Switch < Manual Defrost, Defect History Record Reset		
MF1	Fan Motor		SWI	Refrigerant Address>		
21S4	Solenoid Valve (4-Way Valve)		SW4	Switch <function switch=""></function>		
63H	High Pressure Switch		SW5	Switch <function switch=""></function>		
63L	Low Pressure Switch		SW6	Switch <function model="" select="" switch,=""></function>		
63HS	High Pressure Sensor		SW7	Switch <function switch=""></function>		
TH3	Thermistor <liquid></liquid>		SW8	Switch <function switch=""></function>		
TH4	Thermistor <discharge></discharge>		SW9	Switch <function switch=""></function>		
TH6	Thermistor <2-Phase Pipe>		SWP	Switch <pump down=""></pump>		
TH7	Thermistor <ambient></ambient>		CNDM	Connector < Connection for Option>		
TH8	Thermistor <heat sink=""></heat>		SV1/CH	Connector < Connection for Option>		
TH33	Thermistor <comp. surface=""></comp.>		SV3/SS	Connector <connection for="" option=""></connection>		
LEV-A, LEV-B	Linear Expansion Valve		CNM	Connector < Connection for Option>		
DCL1, DCL2, DCL3	Reactor		F1, F2, F3, F4	Fuse <t6.3al250v></t6.3al250v>		
CY1, CY2	Capacitor		•	•		
P.B.	Power Circuit Board					



## PUHZ-SW75YAA.UK PUHZ-SW75YAA-BS.UK

## PUHZ-SW100YAA.UK PUHZ-SW100YAA-BS.UK

SYMBOL	NAME	S	YMBOL	NAME	S	YMBOL	NAME
TB1	Terminal Block <power supply=""></power>	T	H33	Thermistor < Comp. Surface>	П	SW4	Switch <function switch=""></function>
TB2	Terminal Block <indoor outdoor=""></indoor>	LE	V-A, LEV-B	Linear Expansion Valve	1	SW5	Switch <function switch=""></function>
MC	Motor for Compressor	A(	CL1, ACL2,	Reactor	1	SW6	Switch <function model="" select="" switch,=""></function>
MF1	Fan Motor	A(	CL3, ACL4	Reactor		SW7	Switch <function switch=""></function>
21S4	Solenoid Valve (4-Way Valve)	C	Y1, CY2	Capacitor	1	SW8	Switch <function switch=""></function>
63H	High Pressure Switch	С	K	Capacitor		SW9	Switch <function switch=""></function>
63L	Low Pressure Switch	R	S	Rush Current Protect Resistor	1	SWP	Switch <pump down=""></pump>
63HS	High Pressure Sensor	P.	В.	Power Circuit Board	1	CNDM	Connector < Connection for Option>
TH3	Thermistor <liquid></liquid>	N	. F.	Noise Filter Circuit Board	1	SV1/CH	Connector < Connection for Option>
TH4	Thermistor < Discharge>	С	ONV. B.	Converter Circuit Board	1	SV3/SS	Connector < Connection for Option>
TH6	Thermistor <2-Phase Pipe>	С	. B.	Controller Circuit Board	1	CNM	Connector < Connection for Option>
TH7	Thermistor <ambient></ambient>	1	SW1	Switch < Manual Defrost, Defect History	1	F1, F2, F3, F4	Fuse <t6.3al250v></t6.3al250v>
TH8	Thermistor <heat sink=""></heat>	1	SVVI	Record Reset, Refrigerant Address>			



## WIRING SPECIFICATIONS

## FIELD ELECTRICAL WIRING (power wiring specifications)

Outdoor unit model		SW75V, SHW80V	SW100V, SHW112V	SW75, 100Y SHW80, 112Y	
Outdoor uni	t power supply		~/N (single), 50 Hz, 230 V	~/N (single), 50 Hz, 230 V	3N~ (3 ph 4-wires), 50 Hz, 400 V
Outdoor uni	t input capacity Main switch (Breaker) *1		25A	32A	16A
an an	Outdoor unit power supply		3 × Min. 2.5	3 × Min. 4	5 × Min. 1.5
Wire	Indoor unit-Outdoor unit	*2	3 × 1.5 (polar)	3 × 1.5 (polar)	3 × 1.5 (polar)
Wiring No. × s (mm2)	Indoor unit-Outdoor unit earth	*2	1 × Min. 1.5	1 × Min. 1.5	1 × Min. 1.5
\ <u>`</u> \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	Remote controller-Indoor unit	*3	2 ×0.3 (Non-polar)	2 ×0.3 (Non-polar)	2 ×0.3 (Non-polar)
БL	"Outdoor unit L-N (single) Outdoor unit L1-N, L2-N, L3-N (3 phase)"	*4	230 V AC	230 V AC	230 V AC
rating	Indoor unit-Outdoor unit S1-S2	*4	230 V AC	230 V AC	230 V AC
cuit	Indoor unit-Outdoor unit S2-S3	*4	24 V DC	24 V DC	24 V DC
	Remote controller-Indoor unit	*4	12 V DC	12 V DC	12 V DC

<sup>\*1.</sup> A breaker with at least 3.0 mm contact separation in each pole shall be provided. Use earth leakage breaker (NV).

Make sure that the current leakage breaker is one compatible with higher harmonics

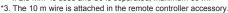
Always use a current leakage breaker that is compatible with higher harmonics as this unit is equipped with an inverter.

The use of an inadequate breaker can cause the incorrect operation of inverter

\*2.Maximum 45 m

If 2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> is used, maximum 50 m.

If 2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> is used and S3 is separated, maximum 80 m.







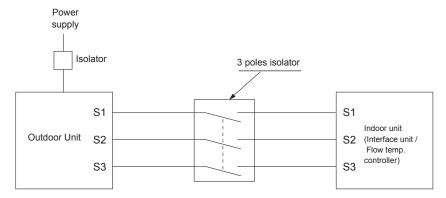
Notes: 1. Wiring size must comply with the applicable local and national codes.

- 2. Power supply cables and the cables between Interface unit/Flow temp. controller and outdoor unit shall not be lighter than polychloroprene sheathed flexible cables. (Design 60245 IEC 57)
- 3. Be sure to connect the cables between Interface unit/Flow temp. controller and outdoor unit directly to the units (no intermediate connections are allowed).

Intermediate connections may result in communication errors. If water enters at the intermediate connection point, it may cause insufficient insulation to ground or a poor electrical contact.

(If an intermediate connection is necessary, be sure to take measures to prevent water from entering the cables.)

- 4. Install an earth longer than other cables.
- 5. Do not construct a system with a power supply that is turned ON and OFF frequently.
- 6. Use self-extinguishing distribution cable for power supply wiring.
- 7. Properly route wiring so as not to contact the sheet metal edge or screw tip.



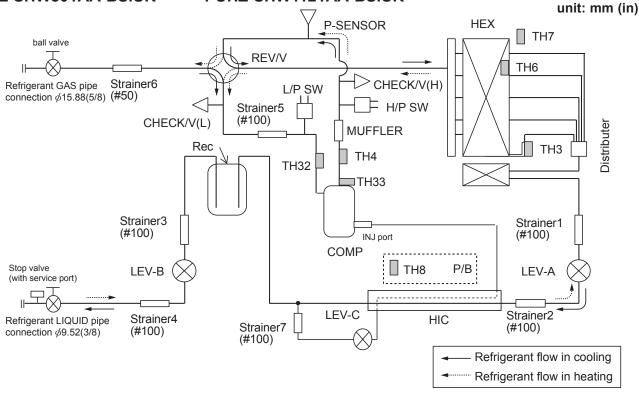
#### **⚠** Warning:

In case of A-control wiring, there is high voltage potential on the S3 terminal caused by electrical circuit design that has no electrical insulation between power line and communication signal line. Therefore, please turn off the main power supply when servicing. And do not touch the S1, S2, S3 terminals when the power is energized. If isolator should be used between indoor unit and outdoor unit, please use 3-pole type.

Never splice the power cable or the indoor-outdoor connection cable, otherwise it may result in smoke emission, a fire or communication failure.

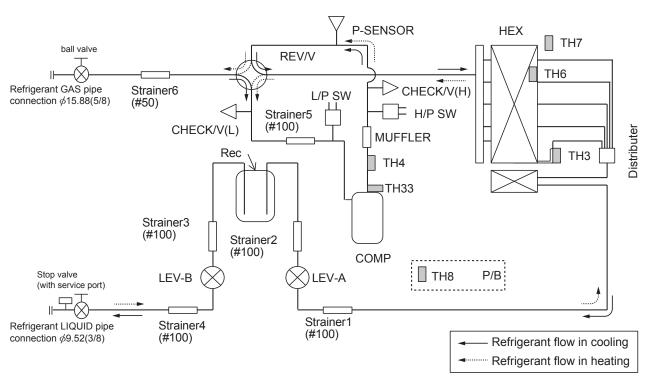
## REFRIGERANT SYSTEM DIAGRAM

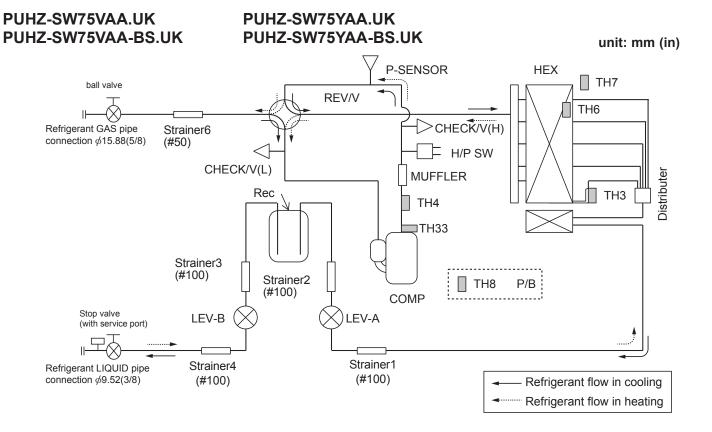
PUHZ-SHW80VAA.UK PUHZ-SHW80VAA-BS.UK PUHZ-SHW80YAA.UK PUHZ-SHW80YAA-BS.UK PUHZ-SHW112VAA.UK PUHZ-SHW112VAA-BS.UK PUHZ-SHW112YAA.UK PUHZ-SHW112YAA-BS.UK



## PUHZ-SW100VAA.UK PUHZ-SW100VAA-BS.UK

## PUHZ-SW100YAA.UK PUHZ-SW100YAA-BS.UK





Symbol	Parts name	Detail	
COMP	Compressor	DC inverter scroll compressor (Mitsubishi Elec	tric Corporation)
H/P SW	High pressure switch (63H)	For protection (OFF: 4.15MPa)	
L/P SW	Low pressure switch (63L)	For protection (OFF: -0.03MPa)	
REV/V	Reversing (4-way) valve (21S4)	Change the refrigerant circuit (Heating / Coolir	ng) and for Defrosting
CHECK/V	Charge plug	High pressure/Low pressure/For production te	st use
P-SENSOR	Pressure sensor (63HS)	For calculation of the condensing temperature	from high pressure
LEV-A	Linear expansion valve -A	Heating:Secondary LEV Cooling:Primary LE	V
LEV-B	Linear expansion valve -B	Heating:Primary LEV Cooling:Secondary	LEV
LEV-C	Linear expansion valve -C	For HIC (heating only)	
TH32 (PUHZ-SHW only)	Suction temperature thermistor	For LEV control	
TH3	Liquid temperature thermistor	Heating:Evaporating temperature Cooling:So	ub cool liquid temperature
TH4	Discharge temperature thermistor	For LEV control and for compressor protection	1
TH6	2-phase pipe temperature thermistor	Outdoor 2-phase pipe temperature	
TH7	Ambient temperature thermistor	For fan control and for compressor frequency	control
TH33	Comp. surface temperature thermistor	For protection	
Rec	Receiver	For accumulation of refrigerant	
HIC	Heat interchange circuit	For high heating capacity	
Plate HEX	Plate Heat Exchanger	SHW112/SHW80/SW100: MWA2-38PA SW75: MWA1-44DM	<reference></reference>
TH1	Outlet water temperature thermistor	For flow temp. controller	System example
TH2	Liquid pipe temperature thermistor	For flow temp. controller	

#### 8-1. REFRIGERANT COLLECTING (PUMP DOWN)

When relocating or disposing of the indoor/outdoor unit, pump down the system following the procedure below so that no refrigerant is released into the atmosphere.

- ① Turn off the power supply (circuit breaker).
- @ Connect the low-pressure valve on the gauge manifold to the charge plug (low-pressure side) on the outdoor unit.
- 3 Close the liquid stop valve completely.
- 4 Supply power (circuit breaker).
  - When power is supplied, make sure that "CENTRALLY CONTROLLED" is not displayed on the remote controller. If "CENTRALLY CONTROLLED" is displayed, the refrigerant collecting (pump down) cannot be completed normally.
  - Startup of the indoor-outdoor communication takes about 3 minutes after the power (circuit breaker) is turned on. Start the pump-down operation 3 to 4 minutes after the power (circuit breaker) is turned on.
- ⑤ Perform the refrigerant collecting operation (cooling test run).
  - Push the pump-down SWP switch (push-button type) on the control board of the outdoor unit. The compressor and ventilators (indoor and outdoor units) start operating (refrigerant collecting operation begins). (LED1 and LED2 on the control board of the outdoor unit are lit.)
  - Only push the pump-down SWP switch if the unit is stopped. However, even if the unit is stopped and the pump-down SWP switch is pushed less than 3 minutes after the compressor stops, the refrigerant collecting operation cannot be performed. Wait until the compressor has been stopped for 3 minutes and then push the pump-down SWP switch again.
- ⑥ Fully close the ball valve on the gas pipe side of the outdoor unit when the pressure gauge on the gauge manifold shows 0.05 to 0 MPa [Gauge] (approx. 0.5 to 0 kgf/cm²) and quickly stop the air conditioner.
  - Because the unit automatically stops in about 3 minutes when the refrigerant collecting operation is completed (LED1 off, LED2 lit), be sure to quickly close the gas ball valve. However, if LED1 is lit, LED2 is off, and the unit is stopped, open the liquid stop valve completely, close the valve completely after 3 minutes or more have passed, and then repeat step ⑤. (Open the gas ball valve completely.)
  - If the refrigerant collecting operation has been completed normally (LED1 off, LED2 lit), the unit will remain stopped until the power supply is turned off.
  - Note that when the extension piping is very long with a large refrigerant amount, it may not be possible to perform a pump-down operation. In this case, use refrigerant recovery equipment to collect all of the refrigerant in the system.
- Turn off the power supply (circuit breaker), remove the gauge manifold, and then disconnect the refrigerant pipes.

#### ⚠ Warning:

When pumping down the refrigerant, stop the compressor before disconnecting the refrigerant pipes.

• If the refrigerant pipes are disconnected while the compressor is operating and the stop valve (ball valve) is open, the pressure in the refrigeration cycle could become extremely high if air is drawn in, causing the pipes to burst, personal injury, etc.

## **TROUBLESHOOTING**

#### 9-1. TROUBLESHOOTING

#### <Check code displayed by self-diagnosis and actions to be taken for service (summary)>

Present and past check codes are logged, and they can be displayed on the control board of outdoor unit. Actions to be taken for service, which depends on whether or not the trouble is reoccurring in the field, are summarized in the table below. Check the contents below before investigating details.

Unit conditions at service	Check code	Actions to be taken for service (summary)
The trouble is reoccurring.	Displayed	Judge what is wrong and take a corrective action according to "9-2. SELF-DIAGNOSIS ACTION TABLE".
	Not displayed	Conduct troubleshooting and ascertain the cause of the trouble according to "9-3. TROUBLESHOOTING OF PROBLEMS".
The trouble is not reoccurring.	Logged	<ul> <li>①Consider the temporary defects such as the work of protection devices in the refrigerant circuit including compressor, poor connection of wiring, noise, etc. Re-check the symptom, and check the installation environment, refrigerant amount, weather when the trouble occurred, matters related to wiring, etc.</li> <li>②Reset check code logs and restart the unit after finishing service.</li> <li>③There is no abnormality in electrical component, controller board, remote controller, etc.</li> </ul>
	Not logged	<ul> <li>①Re-check the abnormal symptom.</li> <li>②Conduct troubleshooting and ascertain the cause of the trouble according to "9-3. TROUBLESHOOTING OF PROBLEMS".</li> <li>③Continue to operate unit for the time being if the cause is not ascertained.</li> <li>④There is no abnormality concerning of parts such as electrical component, controller board, remote controller, etc.</li> </ul>

## 9-2. SELF-DIAGNOSIS ACTION TABLE

<Abnormalities detected when the power is turned on>

Note: Refer to indoor unit section for code P, code E, and Code L.

Check code	Abnormal point and detection method	Cause	Judgment and action
None		No voltage is supplied to terminal block (TB1) of outdoor unit.     a) Power supply breaker is turned off.     b) Contact failure or disconnection of power supply terminal c) Open phase (L or N phase)  ② Electric power is not charged to power supply terminal of outdoor power circuit board.     a) Contact failure of power supply terminal b) Open phase on the outdoor power circuit board  ③ Electric power is not supplied to outdoor controller circuit board.     a) Disconnection of connector (CNDC)  ④ Disconnection of reactor (DCL or ACL)  ⑤ Disconnection of outdoor noise filter circuit board     or Defective outdoor power circuit board  ⑥ Defective outdoor controller circuit board  ⑦ Defective outdoor controller circuit board  ⑦ Defective outdoor controller circuit board	
F3 (5202)	63L connector open (SW100/SHW80/SHW112 only) Abnormal if 63L connector circuit is open for 3 minutes continuously after power supply. 63L: Low pressure switch	Disconnection or contact failure of 63L connector on outdoor controller circuit board     Disconnection or contact failure of 63L     63L is working due to refrigerant leakage or defective parts.      Defective outdoor controller circuit board	Check connection of 63L connector on outdoor controller circuit board. Refer to "9-6.TEST POINT DIAGRAM".      Check the 63L side of connecting wire.      Check refrigerant pressure. Charge additional refrigerant. Check continuity by tester. Replace the parts if the parts are defective.      Replace outdoor controller circuit board.
F5 (5201)	63H connector open Abnormal if 63H connector circuit is open for 3 minutes continuously after power supply. 63H: High pressure switch	Disconnection or contact failure of 63H connector on outdoor controller circuit board     Disconnection or contact failure of 63H     63H is working due to defective parts.     Defective outdoor controller circuit board	outdoor controller circuit board. Refer to "9-6.TEST POINT DIAGRAM".  ② Check the 63H side of connecting wire.

Check Code	Abnormal point and detection method	Cause	Judgment and action
F9 (4119)	2 connector open (SW100/SHW80/SHW112 only) Abnormal if both 63H and 63L connector circuits are open for three minutes continuously after power supply. 63H: High pressure switch 63L: Low pressure switch	Disconnection or contact failure of connector (63H,63L) on outdoor controller circuit board     Disconnection or contact failure of 63H, 63L     63H and 63L are working due to defective parts.     Defective outdoor controller board	Check connection of connector (63H,63L) on outdoor controller circuit board. Refer to "9-6.TEST POINT DIAGRAM".      Check the 63H and 63L side of connecting wire.     Check continuity by tester. Replace the parts if the parts are defective.      Replace outdoor controller circuit board.
EA (6844)	Indoor/outdoor unit connector miswiring, excessive number of units (2 units or more)  1. Outdoor controller circuit board can automatically check the number of connected indoor units. Abnormal if the number cannot be checked automatically due to miswiring of indoor/outdoor unit connecting wire and etc. after power is turned on for 4 minutes.  2. Abnormal if outdoor controller circuit board recognizes the number of connected indoor units as "2 units or more".	Contact failure or miswiring of indoor/outdoor unit connecting wire     Diameter or length of indoor/ outdoor unit connecting wire is out of specified capacity.     2 or more indoor units are connected to one outdoor unit.     Defective transmitting receiving circuit of outdoor controller circuit board     Defective transmitting receiving circuit of indoor controller board     Defective indoor power board     Do NOT use refrigerant address 0, as 0 is used for FTC (Master). The address range is 1 to 6. (In case of multiple outdoor units control.)     Noise has entered into power supply or indoor/outdoor unit connecting wire.	③ Check the number of indoor units that are connected to one outdoor unit. (If EA is
Eb (6845)	Miswiring of indoor/outdoor unit connecting wire (converse wiring or disconnection) Outdoor controller circuit board can automatically set the unit number of indoor units. Abnormal if the indoor unit number cannot be set within 4 minutes after power on because of miswiring (converse wiring or disconnection) of indoor/outdoor unit connecting wire.	Contact failure or miswiring of indoor/outdoor unit connecting wire     Diameter or length of indoor/outdoor unit connecting wire is out of specified capacity.     Defective transmitting receiving circuit of outdoor controller circuit board     Defective transmitting receiving circuit of indoor controller board     Defective indoor power board     Do NOT use refrigerant address 0, as 0 is used for FTC (Master). The address range is 1 to 6. (In case of multiple outdoor units control.)     Noise has entered into power supply or indoor/outdoor unit connecting wire.	<ul> <li>① Check if refrigerant addresses (SW1-3 to SW1-6 on outdoor controller circuit board) are overlapping in case of multiple outdoor units control.</li> <li>③ Check transmission path, and remove the cause.</li> <li>Note: The descriptions above, ①-⑧, are for EA, Eb and EC.</li> </ul>
EC (6846)	Startup time over The unit cannot finish startup process within 4 minutes after power on.	Contact failure of indoor/     outdoor unit connecting wire     Diameter or length of indoor/     outdoor unit connecting wire is     out of specified capacity.     Do NOT use refrigerant     address 0, as 0 is used for FTC     (Master). The address range is     1 to 6. (In case of multiple outdoor units control.)     Noise has entered into power supply or indoor/outdoor unit connecting wire.	
EE	Incorrect connection The outdoor unit does not receive the signals of I/F or FTC.	A device other than Interface unit or Flow temp. controller unit is connected to the unit.	① Connect I/F or FTC to the unit.

## <Abnormalities detected while unit is operating>

Check Code	Abnormal point and detection method	Cause	Judgment and action
	High pressure (High pressure switch	① Defective operation of stop	① Check if stop valve is fully open.
	63H operated) Abnormal if high pressure switch 63H operated (4.15 MPa) during compressor operation. 63H: High pressure switch	valve (Not fully open)  ② Clogged or broken pipe ③ Locked outdoor fan motor ④ Malfunction of outdoor fan motor ⑤ Short cycle of outdoor unit ⑥ Dirt of outdoor heat exchanger ⑦ Decreased airflow caused by defective inspection of outside temperature thermistor (It detects lower temperature than actual temperature.)	Check piping and repair defect.     Check outdoor unit and repair defect.      Check the detected temperature of outside temperature thermistor on LED display. (SW2 on A-Control Service Tool: Refer to "9-7. FUNCTION OF SWITCHES, CONNECTORS AND JUMPERS".)
U1 (1302)		<ul> <li>Disconnection or contact failure of connector (63H) on outdoor controller board</li> <li>Disconnection or contact failure of 63H connection</li> <li>Defective outdoor controller board</li> <li>Defective action of linear</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>®—® Turn the power off and check F5 is displayed when the power is turned again. When F5 is displayed, refer to "Judgment and action" for F5.</li> <li>® Check linear expansion valve.</li> </ul>
		expansion valve	Refer to "9-4. HOW TO CHECK THE PARTS".  © Replace outdoor controller board.
U2 (1102)	High discharge temperature  (1) Abnormal if TH4 exceeds 125°C or 110°C continuously for 5 minutes. Abnormal if TH4 exceeds 110°C or more continuously for 30 seconds after 90 seconds have passed since the defrosting operation started.  (2) Abnormal if discharge superheat (Cooling: TH4–T63Hs / Heating: TH4–T63Hs ) exceeds 70°C continuously for 10 minutes.  TH4: Thermistor <discharge>  High comp. surface temperature  Abnormal if TH33 exceeds 125°C. In the case of high comp. surface temperature error, compressor does not restart unless the thermistor (TH33) becomes less than 95°C.  TH33: Thermistor <comp. surface=""></comp.></discharge>	<ul> <li>① Overheated compressor operation caused by shortage of refrigerant</li> <li>② Defective operation of stop valve</li> <li>③ Defective thermistor</li> <li>④ Defective outdoor controller board</li> <li>⑤ Defective action of linear expansion valve</li> <li>⑥ Clogging with foreign objects in refrigerant circuit</li> <li>Note: Clogging occur in the parts which become below freezing point when water enters in refrigerant circuit.</li> <li>⑦ In the case of the unit does not restart: Detection temp. of thermistor (TH33) ≧ 95°C</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Check intake superheat.         Check leakage of refrigerant.         Charge additional refrigerant.     </li> <li>Check if stop valve is fully open.</li> </ol> <li>(3) Turn the power off and check if U3 is displayed when the power is turned on again. When U3 is displayed, refer to "Judgment and action" for U3.</li> <li>(5) Check linear expansion valve. Refer to "9-4. HOW TO CHECK THE PARTS".</li> <li>(6) After recovering refrigerant, remove water from entire refrigerant circuit under vacuum more than 1 hour.</li>
U3 (5104)	Open/short circuit of outdoor unit temperature thermistor (TH4, TH33) Abnormal if open (3°C or less) or short (217°C or more) is detected during compressor operation. (Detection is inoperative for 10 minutes of compressor starting process and for 10 minutes after and during defrosting.) TH4: Thermistor <discharge> TH33: Thermistor <comp. surface=""></comp.></discharge>	Disconnection or contact failure of connectors (TH4, TH33) on the outdoor controller circuit board     Defective thermistor      Defective outdoor controller circuit board	① Check connection of connector (TH4, TH33) on the outdoor controller circuit board. Check breaking of the lead wire for TH4, TH33. Refer to "9-6.TEST POINT DIAGRAM". ② Check resistance value of TH4, TH33 or temperature by microprocessor. (Thermistor/TH4, TH33: Refer to "9-4. HOW TO CHECK THE PARTS".) (SW2 on A-Control Service Tool: Refer to "9-7. FUNCTION OF SWITCHES, CONNECTORS AND JUMPERS".) ③ Replace outdoor controller board.

Check code	Abnormal point and	detection method	Cause	Judgment and action		action
U4 (TH3:5105) (TH6:5107) (TH7:5106) (TH8:5110) (TH32:5105)*	of SW2. (PAC-Sk (Refer to "9-7. FU	W only), TH6, TH7, ort is detected ration. TH32 (PUHZ- inoperative for 10 after compressor after and during has abnormality in switching the mode K52ST)	Disconnection or contact failure of connectors     Outdoor controller circuit board: TH3, TH32 (PUHZ-SHW only), TH7/6     Outdoor power circuit board: CN3      Defective thermistor      Defective outdoor controller circuit board	<ol> <li>Check connection of connector (TH3, TH32*, TH7/6) on the outdoor controller circuit board. Check connection of connector (CN3) on the outdoor power circuit board. Check breaking the lead wire for TH3, TH32*, TH6, TH7, TH8 Refer to "9-6.TEST POINT DIAGRAM".</li> <li>Check resistance value of TH3, TH32*, TH6,TH7,TH8 or check temperature by microprocessor. (TH3,TH6,TH7,TH8: Refer to "9-6.TEST POINT DIAGRAM".) (SW2 on A-Control Service Tool: Refer to "9-7. FUNCTION OF SWITCHES, CONNECTORS AND JUMPERS".)</li> <li>Replace outdoor controller circuit board. Note: Emergency operation is available in case abnormalities of TH3, TH32 (PUHZ-SHW only), TH6 and TH7.</li> </ol>		troller circuit board. ector (CN3) on the d. Check breaking of i2*, TH6, TH7, TH8. DIAGRAM". TH3, TH32*, emperature by er to "9-6.TEST 2 on A-Control 7. FUNCTION CTORS AND ircuit board. is available in case of TH32 (PUHZ-SHW
		Therr	nistors		Open detection	Short detection
	Symbol		Name			
	TH3,TH32* TH6		Liquid>, <suction> (PUHZ-SHW only) nermistor &lt;2-phase pipe&gt;</suction>		-40 °C or below -40 °C or below	90 °C or above
	TH7		Thermistor <ambient></ambient>		-40 °C or below	90 °C or above
	TH8		Thermistor <heat sink=""></heat>		-35 °C or below	102 °C or above
						/
U5 (4230)	Temperature of heat s Abnormal if TH8 detect cated below. SW75, 100V, SHW80, SW75, 100Y, SHW80, TH8: Thermistor <heat< td=""><td>s temperature indi- 112V78°C 112Y85°C</td><td><ul> <li>① The outdoor fan motor is locked.</li> <li>② Failure of outdoor fan motor</li> <li>③ Air flow path is clogged.</li> <li>④ Rise of ambient temperature</li> <li>⑤ Defective thermistor</li> </ul></td><td>3 Chec 4 Chec temp (Uppo Turn displa If U4 action 5 Chec</td><td colspan="2">Check outdoor fan.  Check air flow path for cooling. Check if there is something which causes temperature rise around outdoor unit. (Upper limit of ambient temperature is 46°C.) Turn off power, and on again to check if U5 i displayed within 30 minutes. If U4 is displayed instead of U5, follow the action to be taken for U4. Check resistance value of TH8 or tempera-</td></heat<>	s temperature indi- 112V78°C 112Y85°C	<ul> <li>① The outdoor fan motor is locked.</li> <li>② Failure of outdoor fan motor</li> <li>③ Air flow path is clogged.</li> <li>④ Rise of ambient temperature</li> <li>⑤ Defective thermistor</li> </ul>	3 Chec 4 Chec temp (Uppo Turn displa If U4 action 5 Chec	Check outdoor fan.  Check air flow path for cooling. Check if there is something which causes temperature rise around outdoor unit. (Upper limit of ambient temperature is 46°C.) Turn off power, and on again to check if U5 i displayed within 30 minutes. If U4 is displayed instead of U5, follow the action to be taken for U4. Check resistance value of TH8 or tempera-	
			Defective input circuit of outdoor power circuit board     Failure of outdoor fan drive circuit	"9-4. (SW2 FUN AND © Repla	by microprocessor. HOW TO CHECK TI ON A-Control Service CTION OF SWITCHE JUMPERS".) ace outdoor power ci ace outdoor controlle	Tool: Refer to "9-7. ES, CONNECTORS ircuit board.
U6 (4250)	Power module Check abnormality by d in case overcurrent is de (UF or UP error condition	etected.		Open stop valve.     Check facility of power supply.     Correct the wiring (U-V-W phase) to compressor. Refer to "9-6 TEST POINT DIAGRAM" (Outdoor power circuit board).     Check compressor referring to "9-4. HOW TC		o compressor. Refer to "9-6. power circuit board). ng to "9-4. HOW TO
U7 (1520)	Too low superheat du temperature Abnormal if discharge s continuously detected le to -15°C for 3 minutes expansion valve has mi after compressor starts minutes.	superheat is ess than or equal even though linear inimum open pulse	Disconnection or loose connection of discharge temperature thermistor (TH4)     Defective holder of discharge temperature thermistor     Disconnection or loose connection of linear expansion valve's coil     Disconnection or loose connection of linear expansion valve's connector of linear expansion valve's connector     Defective linear expansion valve	COMPONENTS".  4 Check the connection or contact of LEV-A a		expansion valve.  HECK THE  contact of LEV-A and er circuit board.  alve. Refer to "9-4.
U8 (4400)	Outdoor fan motor Abnormal if rotational frequis not detected during DC Fan motor rotational frequision 100 rpm or below det for 15 seconds at 20% air temperature.  • 50 rpm or below or 15 detected continuously	fan motor operation. uency is abnormal if; ected continuously C or more outside	Failure in the operation of the DC fan motor     Failure in the outdoor circuit controller board	2 Chec contro 3 Repla (Whe	k or replace the DC of k the voltage of the coller board during ope ace the outdoor circu n the failure is still in rming the action ① al	outdoor circuit eration. it controller board. dicated even after

heck code	Abnorm	al point and detection method	Cause	Judgment and action
	Detailed codes	To find out the detail history (lates	rror, turn ON SW2-1, 2-2, 2-3, 2-4, 2-5 a st) about U9 error, turn ON SW2-1, 2-2 ar /ITCHES, CONNECTORS AND JUMPER	nd 2-6.
-	01	Overvoltage error • Increase in DC bus voltage to SW75,100V,SHW80, 112V: 430V SW75,100Y,SHW80, 112Y: 760V	Abnormal increase in power source voltage     Disconnection of compressor wiring	Check the field facility for the power supply.     Correct the wiring (U-V-W phase) to compressor. Refer to "9-7. FUNCTION OF SWITCHES, CONNECTORS AND
			Defective outdoor power circuit board     Compressor has a ground fault.	JUMPERS". (Outdoor power circuit board)  3 Replace outdoor power circuit board.  4 Check compressor for electrical insulation. Replace compressor.
		Undervoltage error Instantaneous decrease in DC bus voltage to SW75, 100V, SHW80, 112V: 200V SW75, 100Y, SHW80, 112Y: 350V	Decrease in power source voltage, instantaneous stop     Defective converter drive circuit in outdoor power circuit board (SW-V, SHW-V)     Defective 52C drive circuit in outdoor	Check the field facility for the power supply.     Replace outdoor power circuit board. (SW-V, SHW-V)     Replace outdoor power circuit board.
			power circuit board  ① Defective outdoor converter circuit board (SW-Y, SHW-Y)  ⑤ Disconnection or loose connection of rush current protect resistor RS (SW-Y, SHW-Y)	Replace outdoor converter circuit board. (SW-Y, SHW-Y)     Check RS wiring. (SW-Y, SHW-Y)
	02		Defective rush current protect	⑥ Replace RS. (SW-Y, SHW-Y)
			resistor RS (SW-Y, SHW-Y)  ① Disconnection or loose connection of CN2 on the outdoor power circuit board /controller circuit board (SW-V, SHW-V)	① Check CN2 wiring. (SW-V, SHW-V)
			Power circuit failure on DC supply for 15 V DC output on outdoor controller circuit board (SW-V, SHW-V)	® Replace outdoor controller circuit boa (SW-V, SHW-V)
U9 (4220)				
	04	Input current sensor error/ L1-phase open error • Decrease in input current through outdoor unit to 0.1A only if operation frequency is more than or equal to 40Hz or compressor current is more than or equal to 6A.	L1-phase open (SW-Y, SHW-Y)      Disconnection or loose connection between TB1 and outdoor noise filter circuit board (SW-Y, SHW-Y)      Disconnection or loose connection of CN5 on the outdoor power circuit board/CNCT on the outdoor noise filter board	Check the field facility for the power supply. (SW-Y, SHW-Y)     Check the wiring between TB1 and outdoor noise filter circuit board. (SW-Y, SHW-Y)     Check CN5/CNCT wiring. (SW-Y, SHV Y)
			Defective ACCT (AC current trans) on the outdoor noise filter circuit board (SW-Y, SHW-Y)     Defective input current detection circuit in outdoor power circuit board	Replace outdoor noise filter circuit board. (SW-Y, SHW-Y)
			Defective outdoor controller circuit	<ul><li>® Replace outdoor power circuit board.</li><li>® Replace outdoor controller circuit boar</li></ul>
		Abnormal power synchronous signal	Distortion of power source voltage, noise superimposition.	① Check the field facility for the power supply.
		<ul> <li>No input of power synchronous signal to power circuit board</li> <li>Power synchronous signal of 44 Hz or less, or 65 Hz or</li> </ul>	Disconnection or loose connection of earth wiring     Disconnection or loose connection of CN2 on the outdoor power circuit	© Check earth wiring.  3 Check CN2 wiring.
	08	more is detected on power circuit board.	board /controller circuit board  ① Defective power synchronous signal circuit in outdoor controller circuit	Replace outdoor controller circuit boar
			board	

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Check code	Abnorma	al point and detection method	Cause	Judgment and action
U9 (4220)	Detailed codes	PFC error (Overvoltage/ Undervoltage/Overcurrent)  • PFC detected any of the following a) Increase of DC bus voltage to 420 V. b) Decrease in PFC control voltage to 12 V DC or lower c) Increase in input current to 50A peak (For models equipped with single-phase PFC only)	Not applicable for SW75,100V/Y, SHW80,112V/Y	Check for the switch settings for Model Select on the outdoor controller circuit board.
	20	PFC/IGBT error (Undervoltage)  • When Compressor is running, DC bus voltage stays at 310 V or lower for consecutive 10 seconds		Correction of a model select     Replace outdoor power circuit board.     Replace outdoor controller circuit board.
Ud (1504)	Abnormal Teshs dete pressor of	protection if TH3, condensing temperature ects 70°C or more during com- peration. emistor <liquid></liquid>	Defective outdoor fan (fan motor) or short cycle of outdoor unit during cooling operation     Defective TH3, condensing temperature T63HS     Defective outdoor controller board	① Check outdoor unit air passage.  ②③ Turn the power off and on again to check the check code. If U4 is displayed, follow the U4 processing direction.
UE (1302)	Abnormal pressure of 63HS Abnormal if 63HS detects 0.1 MPa or less. Detection is inoperative for 3 minutes after compressor starting and 3 minutes after and during defrosting.  63HS: High pressure sensor		Disconnection or contact failure of connector (63HS) on the outdoor controller circuit board     Defective pressure sensor      Defective outdoor controller circuit board	Check connection of connector (63HS) on the outdoor controller circuit board. Check breaking of the lead wire for 63HS.     Check pressure by microprocessor. (Pressure sensor/ 63HS)     (SW2: Refer to "9-7. FUNCTION OF SWITCHES, CONNECTORS AND JUMPERS".)
UF (4100)	(When con Abnormal compresso	sor overcurrent interruption mpressor locked) if overcurrent of DC bus or or is detected within 30 seconds pressor starts operating.	Stop valve is closed.     Decrease of power supply voltage     Looseness, disconnection or converse of compressor wiring connection     Defective compressor      Defective outdoor power board	① Open stop valve. ② Check facility of power supply. ③ Correct the wiring (U•V•W phase) to compressor. Refer to "9-6.TEST POINT DIAGRAM". (Outdoor power circuit board). ④ Check compressor. Refer to "9-4. HOW TO CHECK THE PARTS". ⑤ Replace outdoor power circuit board.
UH (5300)	Current sensor error or input current error  • Abnormal if current sensor detects –1.0A to 1.0A during compressor operation. (This error is ignored in case of test run mode.)  • Abnormal if 40A (SW75, 100V, SHW80,112V) of input current is detected or 37A (SW75, 100V, SHW80,112V) or more of input current is detected for 10 seconds continuously.		wiring	Correct the wiring (U·V·W phase) to compressor. Refer to "9-6.TEST POINT DIAGRAM" (Outdoor power circuit board).     Replace outdoor power circuit board.      Check the facility of power supply.      Check leakage of refrigerant.
UL (1300)	SHW80/SI Abnormal -0.03MPa)	sure (63L operated)(SW100/HW112 only) if 63L is operated (under or operation) during compressor operation. pressure switch	Stop valve of outdoor unit is closed during operation.     Disconnection or loose connection of connector (63L) on outdoor controller board     Disconnection or loose connection of 63L     Defective outdoor controller board     Leakage or shortage of refrigerant     Malfunction of linear expansion valve	Check stop valve.      Turn the power off and on again to check if F3 is displayed on restarting. If F3 is displayed, follow the F3 processing direction.      Correct to proper amount of refrigerant.      Check linear expansion valve. Refer to "9-4. HOW TO CHECK THE PARTS".

Check code	Abnormal point and detection method	Cause	Judgment and action
UP (4210)	Abnormal point and detection method  Compressor overcurrent interruption  Abnormal if overcurrent DC bus or compressor is detected after compressor starts operating for 30 seconds.	Stop valve of outdoor unit is closed.     Decrease of power supply voltage     Looseness, disconnection or converse of compressor wiring connection     Defective fan of indoor/outdoor units     Short cycle of indoor/outdoor units     Defective input circuit of outdoor controller board	① Open stop valve. ② Check facility of power supply. ③ Correct the wiring (U·V·W phase) to compressor. Refer to "9-6.TEST POINT DIAGRAM" (Outdoor power circuit board). ④ Check indoor/outdoor fan. ⑤ Solve short cycle. ⑥ Replace outdoor controller circuit board. Note: Before the replacement of the outdoor controller circuit board, disconnect the wiring to compressor from the outdoor power circuit board and check the output voltage among phases, U, V, W, during test run. No defect on board if voltage among phases (U-V, V-W and W-U) is same. Make sure to perform the voltage check with same performing frequency.
		Defective compressor     Defective outdoor power circuit board     DIP switch setting difference of outdoor controller circuit board	Check compressor. Refer to "9-4. HOW TO CHECK THE PARTS".      Replace outdoor power circuit board.      Check the DIP switch setting of outdoor controller circuit board.
E0 or E4 (6831 or 6834)	Remote controller transmission error (E0)/ signal receiving error (E4)  ① Abnormal if main remote controller cannot receive normally any transmission from indoor unit of refrigerant address "0" for 3 minutes. (Check code: E0)  ① Abnormal if indoor controller board cannot receive normally any data from remote controller board or from other indoor controller board for 3 minutes. (Check code: E4) ② Indoor controller board cannot receive any signal from remote controller for 2 minutes. (Check code: E4)		<ul> <li>① Check disconnection or looseness of indoor unit or transmission wire of remote controller.</li> <li>② Check wiring of remote controller.</li> <li>• Total wiring length: Max. 500 m (Do not use cable × 3 or more.)</li> <li>• The number of connecting indoor units: Max. 6 units</li> <li>• The number of connecting remote controller: Max. 1 unit</li> <li>If the cause of trouble is not in above ①—③,</li> <li>③ Diagnose remote controller (PAC-IF011B-E only).</li> <li>a) When "RC OK" is displayed, Remote controllers have no problem. Turn the power off, and on again to check. If abnormality generates again, replace indoor controller board.</li> <li>b) When "RC NG" is displayed, Replace remote controller.</li> <li>c) When "RCE3" or "ERC00-66" is displayed, noise may be causing abnormality.</li> <li>Note: If the unit is not normal after replacing indoor controller board in group control, indoor controller board of address "0" may be abnormal. For the controllers other than PAC-IF011B-E, refer to Installation Manual or Service Handbook of the indoor unit.</li> </ul>
E1 or E2 (6201 or 6202)	Remote controller control board  ① Abnormal if data cannot be normally read from the nonvolatile memory of the remote controller control board.  (Check code: E1)  ② Abnormal if the clock function of remote controller cannot be normally operated.  (Check code: E2)	① Defective remote controller	① Replace remote controller.

Check code	Abnormal point and detection method	Cause	Judgment and action
E3 or E5 (6832 or 6833)	Remote controller transmission error (E3)/ signal receiving error (E5)  ① Abnormal if remote controller could not find blank of transmission path for 6 seconds and could not transmit. (Check code: E3) ② Remote controller receives transmitted data at the same time, compares the data, and when detecting it, judges different data to be abnormal 30 continuous times. (Check code: E3)  ① Abnormal if indoor controller board could not find blank of transmission path. (Check code: E5) ② Indoor controller board receives transmitted data at the same time, compares the data, and when detecting it, judges different data to be abnormal 30 continuous times. (Check code: E5)	Duplication of refrigerant address     Defective transmitting receiving circuit of remote controller     Defective transmitting receiving circuit of indoor controller board     Noise has entered into transmission wire of remote controller.	The address changes to a separate setting.     A Diagnose remote controller (PAC-IF011B-E only).     A) When "RC OK" is displayed, remote controllers have no problem.     Turn the power off, and on again to check. When becoming abnormal again, replace indoor controller board.     b) When "RC NG" is displayed, replace remote controller.     c) When "RC E3" or "ERC 00-66" is displayed, noise may be causing abnormality.  Note: For the controllers other than PAC-IF011B-E, refer to Installation Manual or Service Handbook of the indoor unit.
E8 (6840)	Indoor/outdoor unit communication error (Signal receiving error) (Outdoor unit) Abnormal if outdoor controller circuit board could not receive anything normally for 3 minutes.	Contact failure of indoor/ outdoor unit connecting wire     Defective communication circuit of outdoor controller circuit board     Defective communication circuit of indoor controller board     Noise has entered into indoor/ outdoor unit connecting wire.	Check disconnection or looseness of indoor/ outdoor unit connecting wire of indoor or outdoor units.     Turn the power off, and on again to check. Replace indoor controller board or outdoor controller circuit board if abnormality is displayed again.
E9 (6841)	Indoor/outdoor unit communication error (Transmitting error) (Outdoor unit)  ① Abnormal if "0" receiving is detected 30 times continuously though outdoor controller circuit board has transmitted "1".  ② Abnormal if outdoor controller circuit board could not find blank of transmission path for 3 minutes.	Indoor/ outdoor unit connecting wire has contact failure.      Defective communication circuit of outdoor controller circuit board     Noise has entered power supply.     Noise has entered indoor/ outdoor unit connecting wire.	Check disconnection or looseness of indoor/ outdoor unit connecting wire.      Turn the power off, and on again to check Replace outdoor controller circuit board if abnormality is displayed again.
EF (6607 or 6608)	Non defined check code This code is displayed when non defined check code is received.	Noise has entered transmission wire of remote controller.     Noise has entered indoor/ outdoor unit connecting wire.     Outdoor unit is not inverter models.	Turn the power off, and on again to check. Replace indoor controller board or outdoor controller circuit board if abnormality is displayed again.  Replace outdoor unit with inverter type outdoor unit.
Ed (0403)	Serial communication error  ① Abnormal if serial communication between outdoor controller circuit board and outdoor power circuit board is defective.	Breaking of wire or contact failure of connector CN2 between the outdoor controller circuit board and the outdoor power circuit board      Breaking of wire or contact failure of connector CN4 between the outdoor controller circuit board and the outdoor power circuit board      Defective communication circuit of outdoor power circuit board      Defective communication circuit of outdoor controller circuit board for outdoor power circuit board	Check connection of each connector CN2 and CN4 between the outdoor controller circuit board and the outdoor power circuit board.      Replace outdoor power circuit board.      Replace outdoor controller circuit board.

Check code	Abnormal point and detection method	Cause	Judgment and action
P8	Pipe temperature <cooling mode=""> Detected as abnormal when the pipe temperature is not in the cooling range 3 minutes after compressor start and 6 minutes after the liquid or condenser/ evaporator pipe is out of cooling range.  Note 1: It takes at least 9 minutes to detect.  Note 2: Abnormality P8 is not detected in drying mode.  Cooling range: Indoor pipe temperature (TH2 or TH5) − room temperature (TH1) ≦ −3 °C  TH: Lower temperature between liquid pipe temperature and condenser/evaporator temperature  <heating mode=""> When 10 seconds have passed after the compressor starts operation and the hot adjustment mode has finished, the unit is detected as abnormal when condenser/evaporator pipe temperature is not in heating range within 20 minutes.  Note 3: It takes at least 27 minutes to detect abnormality.  Note 4: It excludes the period of defrosting (Detection restarts when defrosting mode is over)  Heating range: 3°C ≦ (Condenser/Evaporator temperature(TH5)− room temperature(TH1))</heating></cooling>	<ul> <li>③ Slight temperature difference between indoor room temperature and pipe &lt; liquid or condenser/ evaporator&gt; temperature thermistor         <ul> <li>Shortage of refrigerant</li> <li>Disconnected holder of pipe &lt; liquid or condenser/ evaporator&gt; thermistor</li> <li>Defective refrigerant circuit</li> </ul> </li> <li>② Converse connection of extension pipe (on plural units connection)</li> <li>③ Converse wiring of indoor/ outdoor unit connecting wire (on plural units connection)</li> <li>④ Defective detection of indoor room temperature and pipe <condenser evaporator=""> temperature thermistor</condenser></li> <li>⑤ Stop valve is not opened completely.</li> </ul>	①—① Check pipe <li>iquid or condenser/evaporator&gt; temperature with room temperature display on remote controller and outdoor controller circuit board.  Pipe <li>iquid or condenser/ evaporator&gt; temperature display is indicated by setting SW2 of outdoor controller circuit board as follows.  Conduct temperature check with outdoor controller circuit board after connecting 'A-Control Service Tool (PAC-SK52ST)'.  Temperature display of indoor liquid pipe indoor 1  1 2 3 4 5 6 ON OFF  Temperature display of indoor liquid pipe indoor 2  1 2 3 4 5 6 ON OFF  A-Control Service Tool SW2 setting  ②③ Check converse connection of extension pipe or converse wiring of indoor/outdoor unit connecting wire.</li></li>

## 9-3. TROUBLESHOOTING OF PROBLEMS

Factor	Countermeasure
①12 V DC is not supplied to remote controller.	Check LED2 on indoor controller board.     (1) When LED2 is lit.     Check the remote controller wiring for breaking or contact failure.     (2) When LED2 is blinking.     Check short circuit of remote controller wiring.     (3) When LED2 is not lit.
<ul> <li>②12–15 V DC is supplied to remote controller, however, no display is indicated.</li> <li>"PLEASE WAIT" is not displayed.</li> <li>"PLEASE WAIT" is displayed.</li> </ul>	Refer to No.3 below.  ② Check the following.  • Failure of remote controller if "PLEASE WAIT" is not displayed  • Refer to No.2 below if "PLEASE WAIT" is displayed.
At longest 2 minutes after the power supply "PLEASE WAIT" is displayed to start up.      Communication error between the remote controller and indoor unit     Communication error between the indoor and outdoor unit	Normal operation     Self-diagnosis of remote controller     "PLEASE WAIT" is displayed for 6 minutes at most in case of indoor/outdoor unit communication error. Check LED3 on indoor controller board.     (1) When LED3 is not blinking.         Check indoor/outdoor connecting wire for miswiring.         (Converse wiring of S1 and S2, or break of S3 wiring.)         (2) When LED3 is blinking.         Indoor/outdoor connecting wire is normal.         4 Check LED display on outdoor controller circuit board. Refer to "9-9.TEST POINT DIAGRAM".
open.  ① After cancelling to select function from the	Check protection device connector (63L and 63H) for contact failure.  ① Normal operation
remote controller, the remote controller operation switch will be not accepted for approx. 30 seconds.	
① Refrigerant shortage ② Filter clogging	<ul> <li>If refrigerant leaks, discharging temperature rises and LEV opening increases.</li> <li>Inspect leakage by checking the temperature and opening.</li> <li>Check pipe connections for gas leakage.</li> <li>Clean the filter of water piping.</li> </ul>
expansion valve fault.  ② Refrigerant shortage  ③ Lack of insulation for refrigerant piping ④ Filter clogging ⑤ Bypass circuit of outdoor unit fault  ①② Normal operation (For protection of compressor)	Discharging temperature and indoor heat exchanger temperature does not rise. Inspect the failure by checking discharging pressure.     Replace linear expansion valve.  If refrigerant leaks, discharging temperature rises and LEV opening increases. Inspect leakage by checking the temperature and opening.     Check pipe connections for gas leakage.  Check the insulation.  Clean the filter of water piping. Check refrigerant system during operation.  Normal operation
	① 12 V DC is not supplied to remote controller.  ② 12–15 V DC is supplied to remote controller, however, no display is indicated.  • "PLEASE WAIT" is not displayed.  • "PLEASE WAIT" is displayed.  ② 1 At longest 2 minutes after the power supply "PLEASE WAIT" is displayed to start up.  ② 2 Communication error between the remote controller and indoor unit  ③ 3 Communication error between the indoor and outdoor unit  ④ 4 Outdoor unit protection device connector is open.  ① After cancelling to select function from the remote controller, the remote controller operation switch will be not accepted for approx. 30 seconds.  ① Refrigerant shortage  ② Filter clogging  ① Linear expansion valve fault Opening cannot be adjusted well due to linear expansion valve fault.  ② Refrigerant shortage  ③ Lack of insulation for refrigerant piping ④ Filter clogging ⑤ Bypass circuit of outdoor unit fault ①② Normal operation

Phenomena	Countermeasure
A flowing water sound or occasional hissing sound is heard.	■ These sounds can be heard when refrigerant and/or water is (are) flowing in the indoor unit or refrigerant pipe, or when the refrigerant and/or water is (are) chugging.
Water does not heat or cool well.	<ul> <li>Clean the filter of water piping. (Flow is reduced when the filter is dirty or clogged.)</li> <li>Check the temperature adjustment and adjust the set temperature.</li> <li>Make sure that there is plenty of space around the outdoor unit.</li> </ul>
Water or vapour is emitted from the outdoor unit.	<ul> <li>During cooling mode, water may form and drip from the cool pipes and joints.</li> <li>During heating mode, water may form and drip from the heat exchanger of outdoor unit.</li> <li>During defrosting mode, water on the heat exchanger of outdoor unit evaporates and water vapour may be emitted.</li> </ul>
The operation indicator does not appear in the remote controller display.	■ Turn on the power switch. "●" will appear in the remote controller display*.
"\sum appears in the remote controller display.*	■ During external signal control, "" appears in the remote controller display and FTC operation cannot be started or stopped using the remote controller.
When restarting the outdoor unit soon after stopping it, it does not operate even though the ON/OFF button is pressed.*	■ Wait approximately 3 minutes. (Operation has stopped to protect the outdoor unit.)
FTC operates without the ON/OFF button being pressed.*	■ Is the on timer set? Press the ON/OFF button to stop operation. ■ Is the FTC connected to a external signal? Consult the concerned people who control the FTC. ■ Does "➡" appear in the remote controller display? Consult the concerned people who control the FTC. ■ Has the auto recovery feature from power failures been set? Press the ON/OFF button to stop operation.
FTC stops without the ON/OFF button being pressed.*	■ Is the off timer set?  Press the ON/OFF button to restart operation.  Is the FTC connected to a central remote controller?  Consult the concerned people who control the FTC.  Does "■" appear in the remote controller display?  Consult the concerned people who control the FTC.
Remote controller timer operation cannot be set.*	■ Are timer settings invalid?  If the timer can be set, WEEKLY, SIMPLE, or (AUTO OFF) appears in the remote controller display.
"PLEASE WAIT" appears in the remote controller display.	■ The initial settings are being performed. Wait approximately 3 minutes. ■ If the remote controller is not only for FTC, change it.
A check code appears in the remote controller display.	<ul> <li>The protection devices have operated to protect the FTC and outdoor unit.</li> <li>Do not attempt to repair this equipment by yourself.</li> <li>Turn off the power switch immediately and consult your dealer. Be sure to provide the dealer with the model name and information that appeared in the remote controller display.</li> </ul>

#### \*PAC-IF011B-E only

• If the unit cannot be operated properly after test run, refer to the following table to find the cause.

	Symptom	Cause	
Wired remote controll	er	LED 1, 2 (PCB in outdoor unit)	
PLEASE WAIT For about 2 minutes after power-on		After LED 1, 2 are lighted, LED 2 is turned off, then only LED 1 is lighted. (Correct operation)	•For about 2 minutes following power-on,op- eration of the remote controller is not possible due to system start-up. (Correct operation)
PLEASE WAIT → Check code	Subsequent to about 2 minutes	Only LED 1 is lighted. → LED 1, 2 blink.	Connector for the outdoor unit's protection device is not connected.  Reverse or open phase wiring for the outdoor unit's power terminal block (L1, L2, L3)
Display messages do not appear even when operation switch is turned ON (operation lamp does not light up).	after power-on	Only LED 1 is lighted. →  LED 1 blinks twice,  LED 2 blinks once.	Incorrect wiring between FTC and outdoor (incorrect polarity of S1, S2, S3)     Remote controller wire short

## Note: Operation is not possible for about 30 seconds after cancellation of function selection. (Correct operation)

For description of each LED (LED1, 2, 3) provided on the FTC, refer to the following table.

LED1 (power for microprocessor)	Indicates whether control power is supplied. Make sure that this LED is always lit.
LED2 (power for remote controller)	Indicates whether power is supplied to the remote controller.  This LED lights only in the case of the FTC which is connected to the outdoor unit refrigerant addresses "0".
LED3 (communication between FTC and outdoor units)	Indicates state of communication between the FTC and outdoor units.  Make sure that this LED is always blinking.

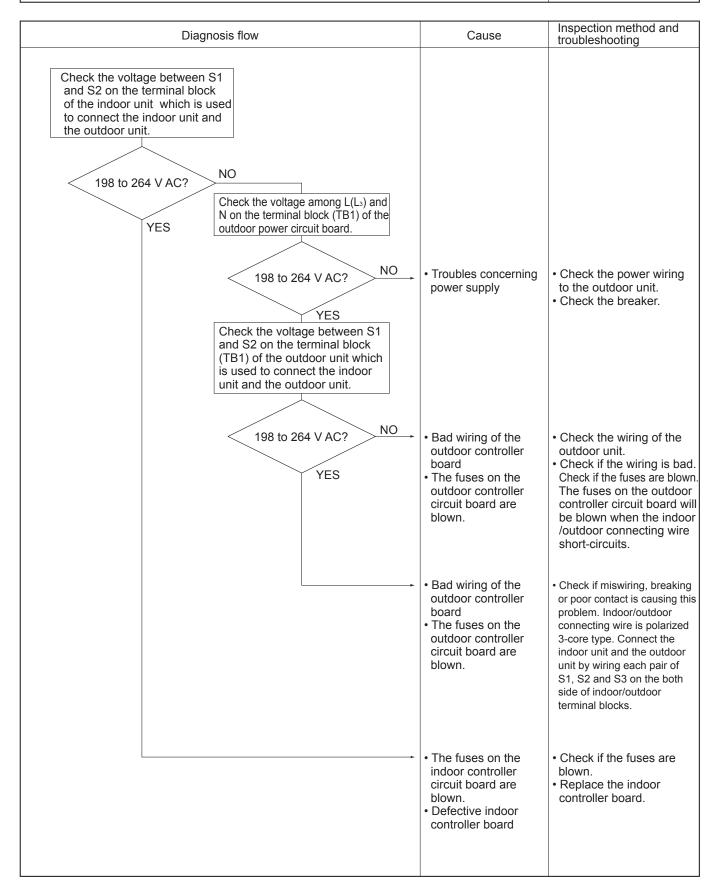
## Symptoms: "PLEASE WAIT" is kept being displayed on the remote controller.

Diagnosis flow	Cause	Inspection method and troubleshooting
Check the display time of "PLEASE WAIT" after turning on the main power.  6 minutes or more How long is "PLEASE WAIT" kept being displayed on the remote controller?  2 to 6 minutes  Are any check codes displayed on the remote controller?	"PLEASE WAIT"     will be displayed     during the start-up     diagnosis after turning     on the main power.	Normal.     The start-up diagnosis will be over in around 2 minutes.
Check the LED display of the outdoor controller circuit board.  Are any check codes displayed on the LED?  NO  NO	Miswiring of indoor/outdoor connecting wire     Breaking of indoor/outdoor connecting wire (S3)     Defective indoor controller board     Defective outdoor controller circuit board      Defective indoor controller board      Defective remote controller	Refer to "Self-diagnosis action table" in order to solve the trouble.  In case of communication errors, the display of remote controller may not match the LED display of the outdoor unit.

## Symptoms: Nothing is displayed on the remote controller. ①

LED display of the indoor controller board

LED1 : ○ LED2 : ○ LED3 : ○



## Symptoms: Nothing is displayed on the remote controller. ②

LED display of the indoor controller board LED1: -∳-

Diagnosis flow	Cause	Inspection method and troubleshooting
Check the voltage between S1 and S2 on the terminal block of the indoor unit which is used to connect the indoor unit and the outdoor unit.		
NO NO		
198 to 264 V AC? YES		
Check the status Not lighting.		
of the indoor controller board LED3 display.  Check the looseness or disconnection of the indoor/outdoor connecting wire.		
Blinking.  Are there looseness or YES		
Are there looseness or disconnection of the indoor/outdoor connecting wire?	Breaking or poor contact of the indoor/ outdoor connecting	Fix the breaking or poor contact of the indoor/outdoo connecting wire.
Check the refrigerant address of the outdoor unit. (SW1-3 to 1-6)	wire	
Is the refrigerant address "0"?  YES  Check the LED display of the	Normal     Only the unit which has the refrigerant address "0" supplies	Set the refrigerant address to "0". In case of the multiple outdoor units control, recheck the
outdoor unit after turning on the main power again.	power to the remote controller	refrigerant address again.
Is anything displayed? Not displayed.  Displayed.	Defective outdoor controller circuit board	Replace the outdoor controller circuit board.
Is "EA" or "Eb" NO displayed?		
YES Is "E8" displayed?	Defective outdoor controller circuit board	Replace the outdoor controller circuit board.
Can the unit be restarted?		
Can all the indoor unit be operated?  Check the voltage between S2  YES	Defective indoor controller board	Replace the indoor controlle board of the indoor unit which does not operate.
and S3 on the terminal block of the outdoor unit.	Influence of electromagnetic noise	Not abnormal.     There may be the influenc of electromagnetic noise. Check the transmission wir and get rid of the causes
17 to 28 V DC? NO	Defective outdoor power circuit board	Replace the outdoor power circuit board.
YES	Defective indoor power board	Replace the indoor power board.

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## Symptoms: Nothing is displayed on the remote controller. ③

LED display of the indoor controller board

Diagnosis flow	Cause	Inspection method and troubleshooting
Check the voltage of the terminal block (TB6) of the remote controller.  YES  NO	Defective remote controller	Replace the remote controller.
Check the status of the LED2  Blinking  Check the status of the LED2 after disconnecting the remote controller wire from the indoor unit.	Breaking or poor contact of the remote controller wire	Check if there is breaking or poor contact of the remote controller wire. Check the voltage of the remote controller wire. If it is not between 10 and 16 V DC, the indoor controller board must be defective.
Check the status of the LED2.  Blinking	The remote controller wire short-circuits	Check if the remote controller wire is short-circuited.
	Defective indoor controller board	Replace the indoor controller board.

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9-4. HOW TO CHECK THE PARTS

**PUHZ-SHW80VAA.UK PUHZ-SHW112VAA.UK** PUHZ-SHW80VAA-BS.UK PUHZ-SHW112VAA-BS.UK **PUHZ-SHW80YAA.UK PUHZ-SHW112YAA.UK** PUHZ-SHW80YAA-BS.UK PUHZ-SHW112YAA-BS.UK **PUHZ-SW75VAA.UK PUHZ-SW100VAA.UK PUHZ-SW75VAA-BS.UK** PUHZ-SW100VAA-BS.UK **PUHZ-SW75YAA.UK PUHZ-SW100YAA.UK PUHZ-SW75YAA-BS.UK** PUHZ-SW100YAA-BS.UK

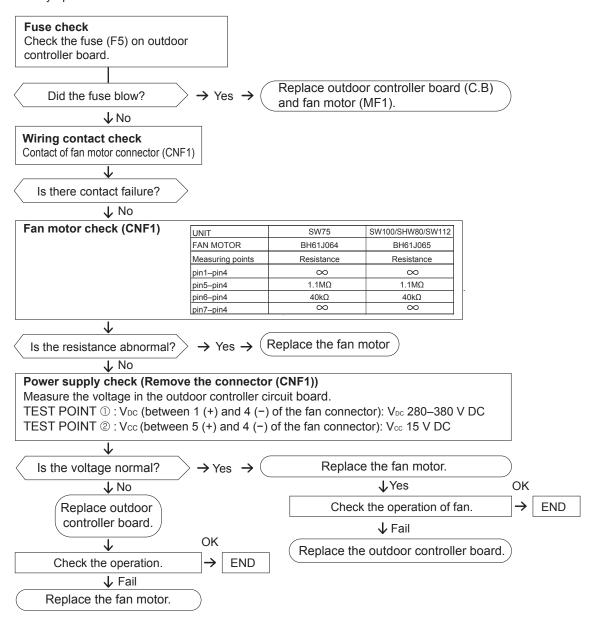
Parts name	Check points						
Thermistor (TH3) <liquid></liquid>	Disconnect the connector then measure the resistance with a tester. (At the ambient temperature 10 to 30°C)						
Thermistor (TH4) < Discharge >		Normal	Abnorma	al			
Thermistor (TH6)	TH4	160 to 410 kΩ					
<2-phase pipe>	TH3						
Thermistor (TH7) <ambient></ambient>	TH6		Open or short				
Thermistor (TH8)	TH7	4.3 to 9.6 $k\Omega$					
<heat sink=""></heat>	TH32						
Thermistor (TH32) <suction>*1</suction>	TH33						
Thermistor (TH33) <comp. surface=""></comp.>	TH8	39 to 105 kΩ					
Fan motor (MF1)	Refer to the next pa	age.					
Solenoid valve coil <4-way valve> (21S4)	Measure the resistance between the terminals with a tester.  (At the ambient temperature 20°C)						
	,	Normal Abnormal					
	1435	± 150 Ω	Open or short				
Motor for compressor (MC)	Measure the resista (Winding temperatu	ance between the ter ure 20°C)	minals with a teste	er.			
U	SHW80VAA SHW112VAA SW100VAA	SHW80YAA SHW112YAA SW100YAA	SW75VAA	SW75YAA	Abnormal		
OD V	0.74	0.94	0.95	1.65	Open or short		
W							
Linear expansion valve (LEV-A/LEV-B/LEV-C*1)	Disconnect the col (Winding temperat	nnector then measure cure 20℃)	e the resistance w	ith a tester.			
M Gray 1 2 Red Yellow Yellow	Normal			Abnormal			
	Gray - Black	Gray - Red	Gray - Yellow	Gray - Orange	Open or short		
		46 ±	3Ω				

<sup>\*1</sup>PUHZ-SHW only.

#### Check method of DC fan motor (fan motor/outdoor controller circuit board)

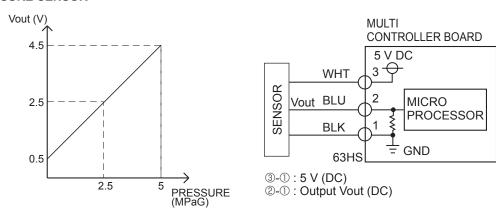
- ① Notes
  - · High voltage is applied to the connecter (CNF1) for the fan motor. Pay attention to the service.
  - Do not pull out the connector (CNF1) for the motor with the power supply on. (It causes trouble of the outdoor controller circuit board and fan motor.)
- ② Self check

Symptom: The outdoor fan cannot rotate.



#### 9-5. HOW TO CHECK THE COMPONENTS

#### <HIGH PRESSURE SENSOR>



#### <Thermistor feature chart>

#### Low temperature thermistors

- Thermistor <Liquid> (TH3)
- Thermistor <2-phase pipe> (TH6)
- Thermistor < Ambient> (TH7)
- Thermistor <Suction> (TH32) (PUHZ-SHW only)

Thermistor R0 = 15  $k\Omega \pm 3$  %

B constant = 3480 ± 2 %

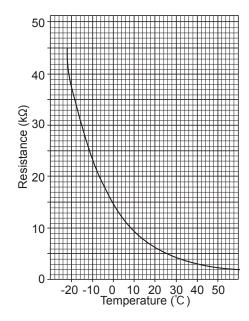
Rt =15exp{3480( $\frac{1}{273+t}$  -  $\frac{1}{273}$ )}

4.3 kΩ 15 kΩ

10 °C  $9.6~k\Omega$ 40°C  $3.0 \text{ k}\Omega$ 

20 ℃  $6.3\;k\Omega$ 

25 ℃  $5.2~k\Omega$ 



#### Medium temperature thermistor

• Thermistor <Heat sink> (TH8)

Thermistor R50 = 17  $k\Omega \pm 2$  % B constant =  $4150 \pm 3 \%$ 

Rt =  $17 \exp\{4150(\frac{1}{273+t} - \frac{1}{323})\}$ 

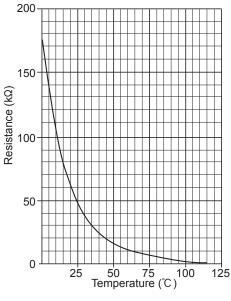
0 ℃ 180 kΩ

25 ℃  $50~k\Omega$ 

50 °C 17 kΩ

70 °C 8 kΩ

90 ℃ 4 kΩ



#### High temperature thermistor

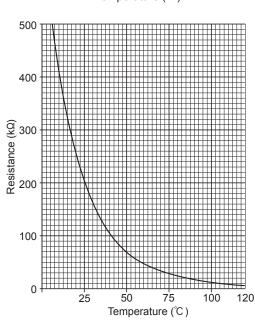
- Thermistor < Discharge > (TH4)
- Thermistor < Comp. surface > (TH33)

Thermistor R120 =  $7.465 \text{ k}\Omega \pm 2 \%$ 

B constant = 4057 ± 2 %

Rt =7.465exp{4057( $\frac{1}{273+t} - \frac{1}{393}$ )}

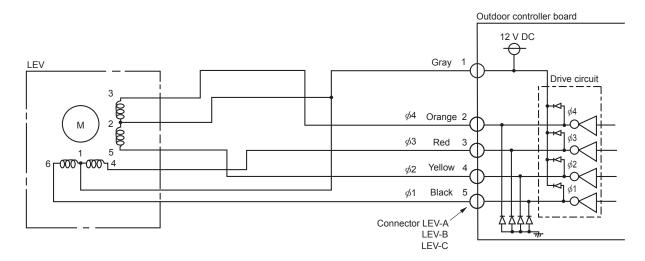
20 ℃	250 kΩ	70 °C	34 kΩ
30 ℃	160 kΩ	80 ℃	24 kΩ
40 °C	104 kΩ	90 ℃	17.5 kΩ
50 °C	70 kΩ	100 ℃	13.0 kΩ
60 °C	48 kΩ	110 ℃	9.8 kΩ



#### Linear expansion valve

#### (1) Operation summary of the linear expansion valve

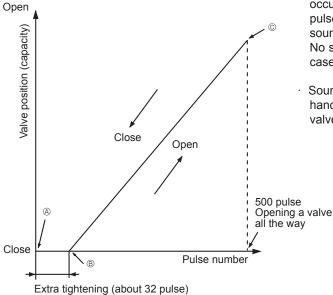
- Linear expansion valve opens/closes through stepping motor after receiving the pulse signal from the outdoor controller board.
- Valve position can be changed in proportion to the number of pulse signal.
- <Connection between the outdoor controller board and the linear expansion valve>



#### <Output pulse signal and the valve operation>

Output	Output									
(Phase)	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8		
φ1	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON		
φ2	OFF	ON	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF		
φ3	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	ON	OFF	OFF		
φ4	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	ON		

#### (2) Linear expansion valve operation



Opening a valve :  $8 \rightarrow 7 \rightarrow 6 \rightarrow 5 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow 8$  Closing a valve :  $1 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 5 \rightarrow 6 \rightarrow 7 \rightarrow 8 \rightarrow 1$  The output pulse shifts in above order.

- · When linear expansion valve operation stops, all output phases become OFF.
- · When the power is turned on, 700 pulse closing valve signal will be sent till it goes to @ point in order to define the valve position. (The pulse signal is being sent for about 20 seconds.)

When the valve moves smoothly, there is no sound or vibration occurring from the linear expansion valve: however, when the pulse number moves from ® to @ or when the valve is locked, sound can be heard.

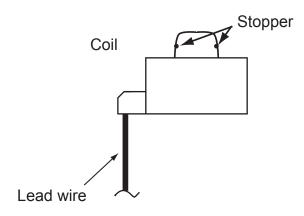
No sound is heard when the pulse number moves from ® to ® in case coil is burnt out or motor is locked by open-phase.

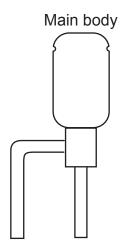
Sound can be detected by placing the ear against the screw driver handle while putting the screw driver to the linear expansion valve.

#### (3) How to attach and detach the coil of linear expansion valve

<Composition>

Linear expansion valve is separable into the main body and the coil as shown in the diagram below.

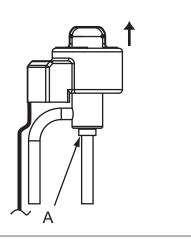




#### <How to detach the coil>

Hold the lower part of the main body (shown as A) firmly so that the main body does not move and detach the coil by pulling it upward.

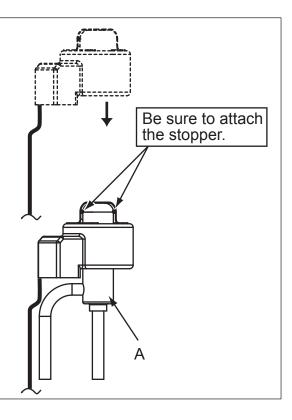
Be sure to detach the coil holding main body firmly. Otherwise pipes can bend due to stress.



#### <How to attach the coil>

Hold the lower part of the main body (shown as A) firmly so that the main body does not move and attach the coil by inserting it downward into the main body. Then securely attach the coil stopper to main body. (At this time, be careful that stress is not added to lead wire and main body is not wound by lead wire.) If the stopper is not firmly attached to main body, coil may be detached from the main body and that can cause defective operation of linear expansion valve.

To prevent piping stress, be sure to attach the coil holding the main body of linear expansion valve firmly. Otherwise pipe may break.



#### 9-6. TEST POINT DIAGRAM

Outdoor controller circuit board

PUHZ-SHW80VAA.UK PUHZ-SHW80VAA-BS.UK PUHZ-SW75VAA.UK PUHZ-SW75VAA-BS.UK

PUHZ-SHW112VAA.UK PUHZ-SHW112VAA-BS.UK PUHZ-SHW80YAA-BS.UK PUHZ-SW100VAA.UK PUHZ-SW100VAA-BS.UK

**PUHZ-SHW80YAA.UK** PUHZ-SW75YAA.UK PUHZ-SW75YAA-BS.UK

PUHZ-SHW112YAA.UK PUHZ-SHW112YAA-BS.UK PUHZ-SW100YAA.UK PUHZ-SW100YAA-BS.UK

<CAUTION> TEST POINT① is high voltage. **CNDM** SW7 Manual defrost, detect SW9 history record reset, refrigerant address Input of low-level sound priority mode Demand control setting **CN51** Function switch External signal output • Compressor operat-Input of external contact point SW4 Test operation ing signal Abnormal signal MHT/GRNIES **1** SWP **%** Pump down 21S4 4-way valve **%** SW6 Model select SW5 ⋠ Function switch SW8 1 Pipe replace Wiring replace ãŞ Connect to A control service tool 9300 SV1 1 Drain hose heater output ₹Ş Transmission to out-18+ 1018 Ø door power circuit LEV-A,B,C Linear expansion valve board (CN4) ╂ LEV-C is PUHZ-SHW CN2 only (FOI) Connect to the outdoor power circuit board (CN2) 63HS ①-⑤: Reception from Pressure sensor power circuit board 2-5: Zero cross signal (B) A 777 A - (B) 63L (0-5 V DC) ୍ର 🏪 ି Low pressure switch 3-4: Not used (SHW112,140Y) TH4 18 V DC Thermistor <Discharge> (SHW80.112V) 6-5: 16 V DC TH3 DA23 ⑦-⑤: 16 V DC Thermistor <Liquid> **CNAC** TH7/6 Thermistor <Ambient/ Power supply for outdoor 2-phase pipe> noise filter circuit board TH32 (PUHZ-SHW only) (230 V AC) Thermistor · ①-③: <Suction> Power supply for indoor 羂 TH33 4 and outdoor unit connection 5 Thermistor wire (230 V AC) <Comp. Surface> 032 AE.8  $V_{FG}$ High pressure (Voltage between 装 switch right pins of PC5C ै⊣⊢ and PC5D, pin 3 īŁ. and pin 4) (Same as (CNF17)(+)-4(-)) CNF1, CNF2
Connect to the fan motor

-3: 280–380V DC

-4: 15 V DC

-4: 0-6.5V DC

-4: 15 V DC (When stopped)

7.5 V DC (When operated) CNDC  $V_{SP}$ 280-380 V DC (①+, ③-) (Voltage between pins (Outdoor power circuit board for SHW80,112V) CNS of C5A, C5B): (Noise filter circuit board for SHW112,140Y) S1-S2: 230 V AC 0 V DC(when stopped), 1-6.5 V DC (when operated) (0-15 V pùlse)

#### Outdoor noise filter circuit board

**PUHZ-SW75YAA-BS.UK** 

PUHZ-SHW80YAA.UK PU PUHZ-SHW80YAA-BS.UK PU PUHZ-SW75YAA.UK PU

PUHZ-SHW112YAA.UK PUHZ-SHW112YAA-BS.UK PUHZ-SW100YAA.UK PUHZ-SW100YAA-BS.UK

LO1, LO2, LO3 CNAC2 **POWER SUPPLY** 230 V AC (Connect to the outdoor controller LO1-LO2/LO2-LO3/LO3-LO1: AC400V OUTPUT (Connect to the outdoor converter circuit board (L1-IN), ACL2, ACL3) circuit board (CNAC)) HANDL INGI BH00J440B B NO Connect to the outdoor converter circuit board +  $\pm$ (N-IN) CNL Connect to the ACL4 밁 **CNCT**  $\dashv$  $\vdash$ Primary current 10 ∘⊣⊢ (Connect to the 28 outdoor power  $\circ$   $\dashv$   $\vdash$ circuit board (CN5)) ା⊣⊢ **CNDC** ା⊣⊢ (Connect to the outdoor controller  $\circ$   $\dashv$   $\vdash$ <u>-₿+</u> ○ circuit board (CNDC)) ା⊣⊢ ા⊢ · 7 ം ∿  $\sim + \circ$ DIP O- <del>|</del> ■ ВС Г **(2**) Joints. M JP24 °IT. CAUTION 🐵

> LI1, LI2, LI3, NI POWER SUPPLY

LI1-LI2/LI-LI3/LI3-LI1 : 400 V AC input LI1-NI/LI2-NI/LI3-NI : 230 V AC input (Connect to the terminal block (TB1))

Outdoor power circuit board PUHZ-SHW80VAA.UK PUHZ-SHW112VAA.UK PUHZ-SW75VAA.UK PUHZ-SW100VAA.UK PUHZ-SHW80VAA-BS.UK PUHZ-SHW112VAA-BS.UK PUHZ-SW75VAA-BS.UK PUHZ-SW100VAA-BS.UK

#### Brief Check of DIP-IPM and DIODE MODULE

Usually, they are in a state of being short-circuited if they are broken. Measure the resistance in the following points (connectors, etc.). If they are short-circuited, it means that they are broken.

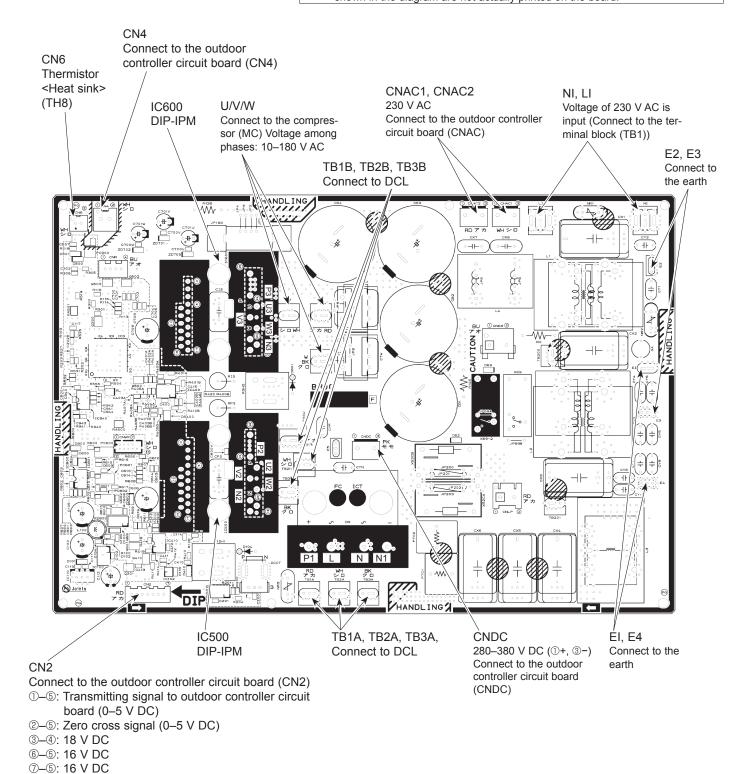
1. Check of DIP-IPM

P2 - U2 , P2 - V2 , P2 - W2 , N2 - U2 , N2 - V2 , N2 - W2 P3 - U3 , P3 - V3 , P3 - W3 , N3 - U3 , N3 - V3 , N3 - W3

2. Check of DIODE MODULE

P1 - L , P1 - N , L - N1 , N - N1

Note: The marks, [L], [N], [N1], [N2], [N3], [P1], [P2], [P3], [U2], [U3], [V2], [V3], [W2], and [W3] shown in the diagram are not actually printed on the board.



Outdoor power circuit board PUHZ-SHW80YAA.UK PUHZ-SHW112YAA.UK PUHZ-SW75YAA.UK PUHZ-SW100YAA.UK PUHZ-SHW80YAA-BS.UK PUHZ-SHW112YAA-BS.UK PUHZ-SW75YAA-BS.UK

PUHZ-SW100YAA-BS.UK

Brief Check of POWER MODULE

Usually, they are in a state of being short-circuited if they are broken.
 Measure the resistance in the following points (connectors, etc.).
 If they are short-circuited, it means that they are broken.

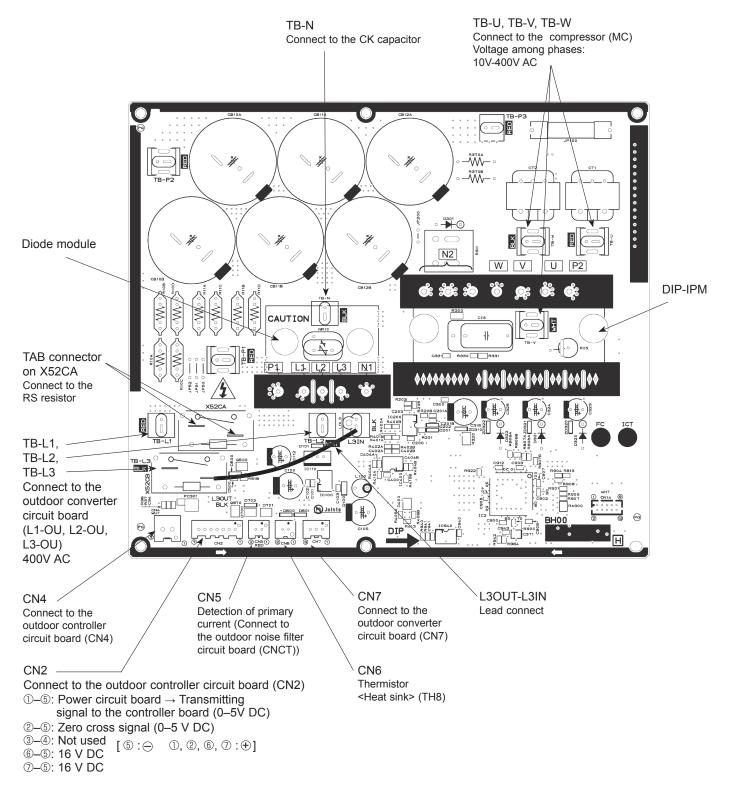
1. Check of DIODE MODULE

L1-P1, L2-P1, L3-P1, L1-N1, L2-N1, L3-N1

2. Check of DIP-IPM

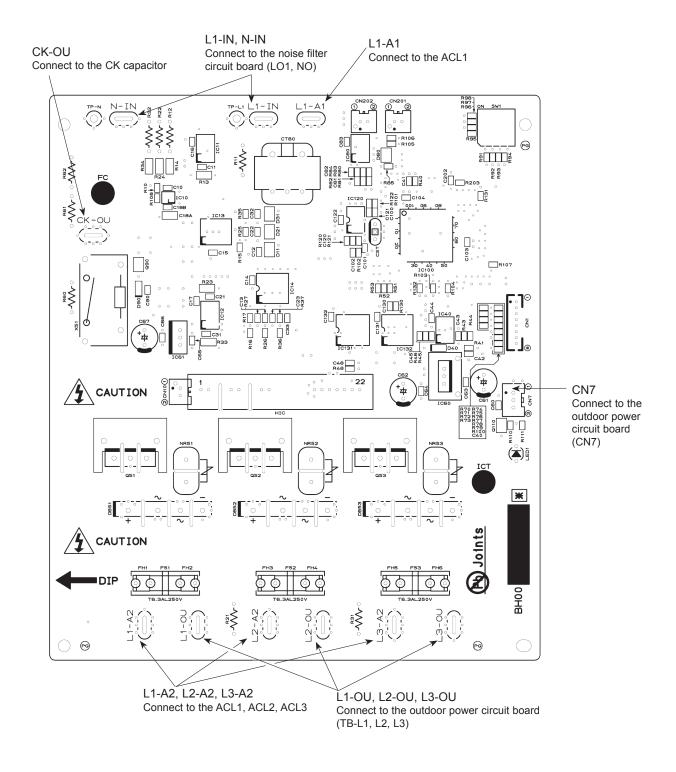
P2-U, P2-V, P2-W, N2-U, N2-V, N2-W

Note: The marks L1, L2, L3, N1, N2, P1, P2, U, V and W shown in the diagram are not actually printed on the board.



#### Outdoor converter circuit board

PUHZ-SHW80YAA.UK
PUHZ-SHW80YAA-BS.UK
PUHZ-SW75YAA.UK
PUHZ-SW75YAA-BS.UK
PUHZ-SW75YAA-BS.UK
PUHZ-SW100YAA.UK
PUHZ-SW100YAA-BS.UK



#### 9-7. FUNCTION OF SWITCHES, CONNECTORS AND JUMPERS

(1) Function of switches

PUHZ-SHW80VAA.UK PUHZ-SHW112VAA.UK PUHZ-SHW80VAA-BS.UK PUHZ-SHW112VAA-BS.UK **PUHZ-SHW80YAA.UK PUHZ-SHW112YAA.UK** PUHZ-SHW80YAA-BS.UK PUHZ-SHW112YAA-BS.UK **PUHZ-SW75VAA.UK PUHZ-SW100VAA.UK** PUHZ-SW75VAA-BS.UK PUHZ-SW100VAA-BS.UK PUHZ-SW75YAA.UK PUHZ-SW100YAA.UK PUHZ-SW75YAA-BS.UK PUHZ-SW100YAA-BS.UK

Type	Switch	No	Function	Action by the s	witch operation	Effective timing	
switch		140.	FullCtion	ON	OFF	Lifective tilling	
		1	Manual defrost *1	Start	Normal	When compressor is working in heating operation.*1	
		2	Abnormal history clear	Clear	Normal	off or operating	
		3		ON ON	ON ON		
		4 Refrigerant address		1 2 3 4 5 6 1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6 1 2 3 4 5 6	When power supply ON	
DIP switch	SW1 5 setting			ON ON 1 2 3 4 5 6 1 2 3 4 5 6	vinon ponon cappi, on		
		6		4 5			
	SW4	1	No function	_	_	_	
	344	2	No function	_	_	_	
		1	Use of existing pipe	Used	Not used	Always	
	SW8	2	No function	_	_	_	
		3	Separate indoor/outdoor unit power supplies	Used	Not used	When power supply ON	
Push switch	SW	P	Pump down	Start	Normal	Under suspension	

<sup>\*1</sup> Manual defrost should be done as follows.

- ① Change the DIP SW1-1 on the outdoor controller board from OFF to ON.
- ② Manual defrost will start by the above operation ① if all these conditions written below are satisfied.
- Heat mode setting
- 10 minutes have passed since compressor started operating or previous manual defrost finished.
- Pipe temperature is less than or equal to 8°C.

Manual defrost will finish if certain conditions are satisfied.

Manual defrost can be done if above conditions are satisfied when DIP SW1-1 is changed from OFF to ON.

After DIP SW1-1 is changed from OFF to ON, there is no problem if DIP SW1-1 is left ON or changed to OFF again. This depends on the service conditions.

Type of	of Switch		Switch No. Function		Action by the	Action by the switch operation			
Switch	Switch	NO.	runction	ON	OFF	Effective timing			
		1	No function	_	_	_			
	SW5	2	Power failure automatic recovery*2	Auto recovery	No auto recovery	When power supply ON			
		3,4,5,6	No function	_	_	_			
		1,2,3	No function	_	_	_			
	SW7*3	4	No function	_	_	_			
	3007	5	No function	_	_	_			
		6	Defrost setting	For high humidity	Normal	Always			
		1	No function	_	_	_			
		2	Function switch	Valid	Normal	Always			
DIP switch	SW9	3,4	Starting Ambient temp. of flash injection	(PUHZ-SHW only) SW9-3 SW9-4 OFF OFF OFF ON ON OFF ON ON	Ambient temp.  ≤ 3°C (Initial setting)  ≤ 0°C  ≤ -3°C  ≤ -6°C	Always			
	SW6 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8		Model select	PUHZ-SHW80/112YAA    MODEL		MODEL   SW6     100V   OFF   1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8			
	SW5	6							

<sup>\*2 &</sup>quot;Power failure automatic recovery" can be set by either remote controller or this DIP SW. If one of them is set to ON, "Auto recovery" activates. Please set "Auto recovery" basically by remote controller because all units do not have DIP SW. Please refer to the indoor unit installation manual.

\*3 Please do not use SW7-3, 4,6 usually. Trouble might be caused by the usage condition.

#### (2) Function of connector

Types Connector		Function	Action by open	Effective timing	
Types	Connector	Function	Short	Open	Effective timing
Connector	CN31	Emergency operation	Start	Normal	When power supply ON

**PUHZ-SHW80VAA.UK** PUHZ-SHW80VAA-BS.UK PUHZ-SW75VAA.UK PUHZ-SW75VAA-BS.UK

PUHZ-SHW112VAA.UK PUHZ-SW100VAA.UK PUHZ-SW100VAA-BS.UK

PUHZ-SHW80YAA.UK PUHZ-SHW112VAA-BS.UK PUHZ-SHW80YAA-BS.UK PUHZ-SW75YAA.UK PUHZ-SW75YAA-BS.UK

**PUHZ-SHW112YAA.UK** PUHZ-SHW112YAA-BS.UK PUHZ-SW100YAA.UK PUHZ-SW100YAA-BS.UK

#### <Display function of inspection for outdoor unit>

The blinking patterns of both LED1 (green) and LED2 (red) indicate the types of abnormality when it occurs. Types of abnormality can be indicated in details by connecting an optional part "A-Control Service Tool (PAC-SK52ST)" to connector CNM on outdoor controller board.

#### [Display]

#### (1)Normal condition

Unit condition	Outdoor con	troller board	A-Control Service Tool		
Offic Condition	LED1 (Green)	LED2 (Red)	Check code	Indication of the display	
When the power is turned on	Lighted	Lighted		Alternately blinking display	
When unit stops	Lighted	Not lighted	00, etc.	Operation mode	
When compressor is warming up	Lighted	Not lighted	08, etc.		
When unit operates	Lighted	Lighted	C5, H7, etc.		

#### (2)Abnormal condition

Indic	ation			Error		
Outdoor con	troller board	⊢ Contents Ի		Inspection method		
LED1 (Green)	, ,		code.		reference page	
1 blinking	2 blinking	Connector(63L) is open.		①Check if connector (63H or 63L) on the outdoor controller	P.21	
		Connector(63H) is open.	F5	board is not disconnected.	P.21	
		2 connectors are open.	F9	②Check continuity of pressure switch (63H or 63L) by tester.	P.22	
2 blinking	1 blinking	Miswiring of indoor/outdoor unit connecting wire, excessive number of indoor units (4 units or more)	_	①Check if indoor/outdoor connecting wire is connected correctly. ②Check if 4 or more indoor units are connected to outdoor unit.	P.22 (EA)	
		Miswiring of indoor/outdoor unit co- nnecting wire (converse wiring or di- sconnection)	_	③Check if noise entered into indoor/outdoor connecting wire or power supply.	P.22 (Eb)	
		Startup time over	_		P.22 (EC)	
	2 blinking	Indoor/outdoor unit communication error (signal receiving error) is detected by indoor unit.	E6	①Check if indoor/outdoor connecting wire is connected correctly.	**	
	Indoor/outdoor unit communication error (transmitting error) is detected by indoor unit.	E7	②Check if noise entered into indoor/outdoor connecting wire or power supply.	** P.28 (E8)		
	Indoor/outdoor unit communication error (signal receiving error) is detected by outdoor unit.	_	③Check if noise entered into indoor/outdoor controller board. ④Re-check error by turning off power, and on again.			
		Indoor/outdoor unit communication error (transmitting error) is detected by outdoor unit.	_		P.28 (E9)	
	3 blinking	Remote controller signal receiving error is detected by remote controller.	E0	①Check if connecting wire of indoor unit or remote control is connected correctly.		
		Remote controller transmitting error is detected by remote controller.	E3	②Check if noise entered into transmission wire of remote	P.28	
		Remote controller signal receiving error is detected by indoor unit.	E4	controller. ③Re-check error by turning off power, and on again.	P.27	
		Remote controller transmitting error is detected by indoor unit.	E5		P.28	
	4 blinking	Check code is not defined.	EF	①Check if noise entered into transmission wire of remote controller. ②Check if noise entered into indoor/outdoor connecting wire. ③Re-check error by turning off power, and on again.	P.28	
		Incorrect connection	EE	①Connect I/F or FTC to the unit.	P.22	
	5 blinking	Serial communication error <communication between="" outdoor<br="">controller board and outdoor power board&gt;</communication>	Ed	①Check if connector (CN4) on outdoor controller board and outdoor power board is not disconnected.	P.28	

<sup>\*</sup> Check code displayed on remote controller

<sup>\*\*</sup> Refer to service manual for indoor unit.

Indication		Error						
	troller board LED2 (Red)	Contents	Check code*	Inspection method	Detailed reference			
` ′	ng 1 blinking Abnormality of discharging temperature (TH4) and Comp. surface temperature (TH33)		U2	Oheck if stop valves are open.     Check if connectors (TH4, LEV-A, and LEV-B) on outdoor controller board are not disconnected.     Oheck if unit is filled with specified amount of refrigerant.     Oheck if unit is filled with specified amount of refrigerant.	P.23			
		Abnormality of superheat due to low discharge temperature	U7	outdoor linear expansion valve using a tester.	P.24			
	2 blinking	Abnormal high pressure (High pressure switch 63H operated.)	U1	①Check if indoor/outdoor units have a short cycle on their air ducts. ②Check if connector(63H)(63L) on outdoor controller board is not disconnected. ③Check if heat exchanger and filter is not dirty.	P.23			
		Abnormal low pressure (Low pressure switch 63L operated.)	UL	Measure resistance values among terminals on linear expansion valve using a tester.	P.26			
	3 blinking	Abnormality of outdoor fan motor rotational speed	U8	①Check the outdoor fan motor. ②Check if connector (TH3) (63HS) on outdoor controller board is disconnected	P.24			
	411111	Protection from overheat operation (TH3)	Ud		P.26			
	4 blinking	Compressor overcurrent breaking(Start-up locked)	UF	Oheck if stop valves are open.     Check looseness, disconnection, and converse connection of compressor wiring.	P.26			
		Compressor overcurrent breaking	of current sensor (P.B.) UH (4) Check if outdoor unit has a short cycle on its air duct.		P.27			
		Abnormality of power module			P.26			
	5 blinking	ng Open/short of outdoor thermistors (TH4, TH33) U3 U3 U3 Open/short of outdoor controller board and connector (CN3) on outdoor power board are not controller board and connector (CN3) on outdoor power board are not controller board and connector (CN3) on outdoor power board are not controller board and connector (CN3) on outdoor power board are not controller board and connector (CN3) on outdoor controller boa		Check if connectors (TH3, TH32, TH4, TH33 and TH7/6) on outdoor controller board and connector (CN3) on outdoor power board are not disconnected.	P.24 P.23			
		Open/short of outdoor thermistors (TH3, TH32, TH6, TH7 and TH8)	U4	©Measure resistance value of outdoor thermistors.	P.24			
	6 blinking	Abnormality of heat sink temperature	U5	①Check if indoor/outdoor units have a short cycle on their air ducts. ②Measure resistance value of outdoor thermistor(TH8).	P.24			
	7 blinking	Abnormality of voltage	U9	<ul> <li>①Check looseness, disconnection, and converse connection of compressor wiring.</li> <li>②Measure resistance value among terminals on compressor using a tester.</li> <li>③Check if power supply voltage decreases.</li> <li>④Check the wiring of CN52C.</li> <li>⑤Check the wiring of CNAF.</li> </ul>	P.25– P.26			
4 blinking	1 blinking	Abnormality of room temperature thermistor (TH1)	P1	①Check if connectors on indoor controller board are not disconnected. ②Measure resistance value of indoor thermistors.	**			
		Abnormality of pipe temperature thermistor /Liquid (TH2)	P2		**			
		Abnormality of tank temperature thermistor	P9		**			
	4 blinking	Abnormality of pipe temperature	P8	①Check if indoor thermistors(TH2 and TH5) are not disconnected from holder. ②Check if stop valve is open. ③Check converse connection of extension pipe. (on plural units connection) ④Check if indoor/outdoor connecting wire is connected correctly. (on plural units connection)	P.29			

Check code displayed on remote controller
 \*\* Refer to service manual for indoor unit.

#### <Outdoor unit operation monitor function>

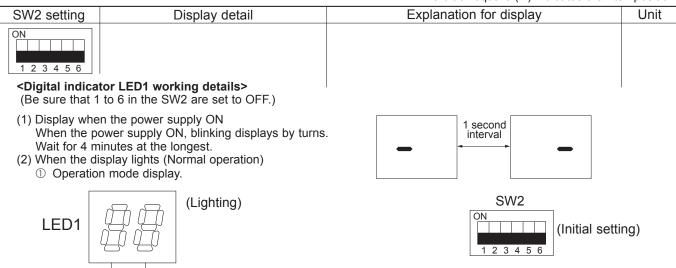
#### [When optional part "A-Control Service Tool (PAC-SK52ST)" is connected to outdoor controller board (CNM)]

Digital indicator LED1 displays 2 digit number or code to inform operation condition and the meaning of error code by controlling DIP SW2 on "A-Control Service Tool".

Operation indicator SW2

SW2: Indicator change of self diagnosis

The black square (■) indicates a switch position.



The tens digit : Operation mode

Display	Operation Model
0	OFF / FAN
С	COOLING / DRY *
Н	HEATING
d	DEFROSTING

- \* C5 is displayed during replacement operation.
  - ② Display during error postponement Postponement code is displayed when compressor stops due to the work of protection device.

Postponement code is displayed while error is being postponed.

The	ones	diait	٠	Relay	output	

Display	Compressor	Compressor	4-way valve	Solenoid valve
0	_	_	_	_
1	_	_	_	ON
2	_	_	ON	_
3	_	_	ON	ON
4	_	ON	_	_
5	_	ON	_	ON
6	_	ON	ON	_
7	_	ON	ON	ON
8	ON	_	_	_
Α	ON	_	ON	_

#### (3) When the display blinks

Inspection code is displayed when compressor stops due to the work of protection devices.

-	
Display	Contents to be inspected (During operation)
U1	Abnormal high pressure (63H operated)
U2	Abnormal high discharge temperature, high comp. surface temperature,
	shortage of refrigerant
U3	Open/short of outdoor unit thermistors (TH4, TH33)
U4	Open/short of outdoor unit thermistors (TH3, TH32, TH6, TH7 and TH8)
U5	Abnormal temperature of heat sink
U6	Abnormality of power module
U7	Abnormality of superheat due to low discharge temperature
U8	Abnormality in outdoor fan motor
Ud	Overheat protection
UF	Compressor overcurrent interruption (When Comp. locked)
UH	Current sensor error
UL	Abnormal low pressure (63L operated)
UP	Compressor overcurrent interruption
P1-P8	Abnormality of indoor units

Display	Inspection unit	
0	Outdoor unit	
1	Indoor unit 1	
2	Indoor unit 2	

-	liidool diilt 2
Display	Contents to be inspected (When power is turned on)
F3	63L connector(red) is open.
F5	63H connector(yellow) is open.
F9	2 connectors(63H/63L) are open.
E8	Indoor/outdoor communication error (Signal receiving error) (Outdoor unit)
E9	Indoor/outdoor communication error (Transmitting error) (Outdoor unit)
EA	Miswiring of indoor/outdoor unit connecting wire, excessive number of indoor units (4 units or more)
Eb	Miswiring of indoor/outdoor unit connecting wire(converse wiring or disconnection)
EC	Startup time over
EE	Incorrect connection

OCH651 50

E0–E7 Communication error except for outdoor unit

		The black square (■) indicates a swite	cn position.
SW2 setting	Display detail	Explanation for display	Unit
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Pipe temperature/Liquid (TH3) -40 to 90	-40 to 90 (When the coil thermistor detects 0°C or below, "–" and temperature are displayed by turns.) (Example) When −10°C;  0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s  -□ →10 →□□	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Discharge temperature (TH4) 3 to 217	3 to 217 (When the discharge thermistor detects 100°C or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) (Example) When 105°C;  0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s □1 →05 →□□	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Output step of outdoor FAN 0 to 10	0 to 10	Step
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The number of ON/OFF times of compressor 0 to 9999	0 to 9999  (When the number of times is 100 or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.)  (Example) When 42500 times (425 ×100 times);  0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s  □4 →25 →□□	100 times
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Compressor integrating operation times 0 to 9999	0 to 9999 (When it is 100 hours or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) (Example) When 2450 hours (245 ×10 hours);  0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s □2 →45 → □□	10 hours
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Compressor operating current 0 to 50	0 to 50 Note: Value after the decimal point will be truncated.	A
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Compressor operating frequency 0 to 225	0 to 255  (When it is 100 Hz or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.  (Example) When 125 Hz;  0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s  □1 →25 → □□	Hz
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Primary LEV opening pulse 0 to 500 Heating: LEV-B Cooling: LEV-A	0 to 500 (When it is 100 pulse or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns. (Example) When 150 pulse;  0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s □1 →50 →□□	Pulse
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Error postponement code history (1) of outdoor unit	Postponement code display Blinking: During postponement Lighting: Cancellation of postponement "00" is displayed in case of no postponement.	Code display
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Operation mode on error occurring	Operation mode of when operation stops due to error is displayed by setting SW2 like below.  (SW2)  ON  1 2 3 4 5 6	Code display

SW2 setting	Display detail	Explanation for display	Unit
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Pipe temperature/Liquid (TH3) on error occurring -40 to 90	-40 to 90 (When the coil thermistor detects 0°C or below, "–" and temperature are displayed by turns.) (Example) When −15°C;  0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s  -□ →15 →□□	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Discharge temperature (TH4) on error occurring 3 to 217	3 to 217 (When the temperature is 100°C or more, the hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) (Example) When 130°C;  0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s  □1 →30 →□□	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Compressor operating current on error occurring 0 to 50	0 to 50	A
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Error history (1) (latest) Alternate display of abnormal unit number and code	When no error history, " 0 " and "— —" are displayed by turns.	Code display
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Error history (2) Alternate display of error unit number and code	When no error history, " 0 " and "" are displayed by turns.	Code display
ON The state of th	Thermo ON time 0 to 999	0 to 999  (When it is 100 minutes or more, the hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.)  (Example) When 245 minutes;  0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s  □2 →45 →□□	Minute
1 2 3 4 5 6	Test run elapsed time 0 to 120	0 to 120 (When it is 100 minutes or more, the hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) (Example) When 105 minutes;  0.5 s  0.5 s  2 s  1 →05 → □□	Minute

014/0 #1	Display datail	The black square (■) indicates a switch		
SW2 setting	Display detail	Explanation for display	Unit	
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The number of connected indoor units	0 to 3 (The number of connected indoor units are displayed.)	Unit	
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Capacity setting display	Displayed as an outdoor capacity code.  Capacity Code SW75/SHW80 14 SW100/SHW112 20	Code display	
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Outdoor unit setting information	The tens digit (Total display for applied setting)      Setting details      H·P / Cooling only     Single phase / 3 phase      The ones digit      Setting details      Display details      The ones digit      Setting details      Display details      Defrosting switch 0 : Normal 1 : For high humidity      (Example) When heat pump, 3 phase and defrosting (normal) are set up, "20" is displayed.	Code display	
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Indoor pipe temperature/Liquid (TH2(1)) Indoor 1 -39 to 88	-39 to 88 (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "–" and temperature are displayed by turns.)	°C	
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Indoor pipe temperature/Cond./Eva. (TH5(1)) Indoor 1 -39 to 88	-39 to 88 (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "−" and temperature are displayed by turns.)	c	
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Indoor pipe temperature/Liquid (TH2(2)) Indoor 2 -39 to 88	-39 to 88 (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "−" and temperature are displayed by turns.)	°C	
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Indoor pipe temperature/Cond./Eva. (TH5(2)) Indoor 2 -39 to 88	-39 to 88 (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "-" and temperature are displayed by turns.)	°C	
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Return water temperature 0 to 100	0 to 100	°C	

SW2 setting	Display detail	Explanation for display	
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Flow water temperature 0 to 100	0 to 100	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	2-phase pipe temperature -39 to 88 Heating: TH6 Cooling: Твзнѕ	-39 to 88 (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "–" and temperature are displayed by turns.)	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Outdoor outside temperature (TH7) –39 to 88	-39 to 88 (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "–" and temperature are displayed by turns.)	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Outdoor heat sink temperature (TH8) -40 to 200	-40 to 200 (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "-" and temperature are displayed by turns.) (When the thermistor detects 100°C or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.)	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Discharge superheat SHd 0 to 255  [Cooling = TH4-T63HS] Heating = TH4-T63HS]	0 to 255 (When the temperature is 100°C or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.)	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Number of defrost cycles 0 to FFFE	0 to FFFE (in hexadecimal notation) (When more than FF in hex (255 in decimal), the number is displayed in order of 16³'s and 16²'s, and 16¹'s and 16⁰'s places. (Example) When 5000 cycles; 0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s	
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Input current of outdoor unit	0 to 500 (When it is 100 or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.)	
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Secondary LEV opening pulse 0 to 500 Heating: LEV-A Cooling: LEV-B	0 to 500 (When it is 100 pulse or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.)	
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	U9 error detail history (latest)	Description  Normal  Overvoltage error  Undervoltage error  Input current sensor error  L <sub>1</sub> -phase open error  Abnormal power synchronous signal  PFC/IGBT error (SW-V, SHW-V)  Undervoltage  • Display examples for multiple errors: Overvoltage (01) + Undervoltage (02) = 03  Undervoltage (02) + Power-sync signal error (08) = 0A  L <sub>1</sub> phase open error (04) + PFC/IGBT error (20) = 24	

	The black square (■) indicates a switch p			
SW2 setting	Display detail	Explanation for display	Unit	
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	DC bus voltage 180 to 370	180 to 370 (When it is 100 V or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.)	V	
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Error postponement code history (2) of outdoor unit	Postponement code display Blinking: During postponement Lighting: Cancellation of postponement "00" is displayed in case of no postponement.	Code display	
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Error postponement code history (3) of outdoor unit	Postponement code display Blinking: During postponement Lighting: Cancellation of postponement "00" is displayed in case of no postponement.	Code display	
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Error history (3) (Oldest) Alternate display of abnormal unit number and code	When no error history, "0" and "" are displayed by turns.	Code display	
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Error thermistor display  [When there is no error thermistor, "-" is displayed.	3: Liquid pipe temperature (TH3) 4: Discharge pipe temperature (TH4) 6: 2-phase pipe temperature (TH6) 7: Ambient temperature (TH7) 8: Heat sink temperature (TH8) 32: Suction pipe temperature (TH32) (PUHZ-SHW only) 33: Comp. surface temperature (TH33)	Code display	
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Operation frequency on error occurring 0 to 255	0 to 255  (When it is 100 Hz or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.)  (Example) When 125 Hz;  0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s  □1 →25 →□□  t	Hz	
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Fan step on error occurring 0 to 10	0 to 10	Step	

014/0 441	Diaplay data!	Typionotion for display	
SW2 setting	Display detail	Explanation for display	Unit
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	LEV-C opening pulse on error occurring 0 to 480	0 to 480 (When it is 100 pulse or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) (Example) When 130 pulse;  0.5 s  0.5 s  2 s  1 →30 → □□	Pulse
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Return water temperature on error occurring 0 to 100	0 to 100	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Indoor pipe temperature/Liquid (TH2) on error occurring -39 to 88	-39 to 88  (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "–" and temperature are displayed by turns.)  (Example) When −15°C;  0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s  -□ →15 →□□	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Pressure saturation temperature (T <sub>63HS</sub> ) on error occurring -39 to 88	-39 to 88  (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "–" and temperature are displayed by turns.)  (Example) When −15°C;  0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s  -□ →15 →□□	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Outdoor pipe temperature/Cond./Eva. (TH6) on error occurring -39 to 88	-39 to 88  (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "–" and temperature are displayed by turns.)  (Example) When −15°C;  0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s  -□ →15 →□□	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Outdoor outside temperature (TH7) on error occurring -39 to 88	-39 to 88  (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "–" and temperature are displayed by turns.)  (Example) When −15°C;  0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s  -□ →15 →□□	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Outdoor heat sink temperature (TH8) on error occurring -40 to 200	-40 to 200 (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "-" and temperature are displayed by turns.) (When the temperature is 100°C or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.)	°C

		The black square (■) indicates a switch	n position.
SW2 setting	Display detail	Explanation for display	Unit
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Discharge superheat on error occurring SHd 0 to 255  [Cooling = TH4-T <sub>63HS</sub> ] Heating = TH4-T <sub>63HS</sub> ]	0 to 255 (When the temperature is 100°C or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) (Example) When 150°C;  0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s  □1 →50 →□□	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Sub cool on error occurring SC 0 to 130  [Cooling = T <sub>63HS</sub> -TH3]  [Heating = T <sub>63HS</sub> -TH2]	0 to 130 (When the temperature is 100°C or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) (Example) When 115°C;  0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s  □1 →15 →□□	ి
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Thermo-on time until error stops 0 to 999	0 to 999  (When it is 100 minutes or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.)  (Example) When 415 minutes;  0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s  □4 →15 →□□	Minute
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Indoor pipe temperature/Liquid (TH2 (3)) Indoor 3 -39 to 88	-39 to 88 (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "-" and temperature are displayed by turns.)	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Indoor pipe temperature/Cond./Eva. (TH5 (3)) Indoor 3 -39 to 88	-39 to 88 (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "-" and temperature are displayed by turns.) When there is no indoor unit, "00" is displayed.	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Comp. surface temperature (TH33) –52 to 221	-52 to 221 (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "-" and temperature are displayed by turns.) (When the discharge thermistor detects 100°C or more, hundreds digit, tens digit, and ones digit are displayed by turns.) (Example) When 105°C;  0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s  1 →05 →□□	°C

0)4/0 4/:	The black square (■) indicates a switch position			
SW2 setting				
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Display detail  Controlling status of compressor operating frequency	Explanation for display  The following code will be a help to know the operating status of unit.  •The tens digit  Display   Compressor operating frequency control   1	Code	
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Outdoor suction pipe temperature (TH32) –39 to 88	-39 to 88  (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "–" and temperature are displayed by turns.)  (Example) When −15°C;  0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s  -□ →15 →□□	°C	
ON	Indoor pipe temperature/liquid (TH2(4)) –39 to 88	-39 to 88  (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "–" and temperature are displayed by turns.)  (Example) When 105°C;  0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s  □1 →05 →□□	°C	
ON	Indoor pipe temperature/Cond./Eva. (TH5(4)) indoor 4 -39 to 88	-39 to 88 (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "-" and temperature are displayed by turns.) When there is no indoor unit, "00" is displayed.	°C	

# MONITORING THE OPERATION DATA BY THE REMOTE CONTROLLER

### 10-1. Request code list

Certain indoor/outdoor combinations do not have the request code function; therefore, no request codes are displayed. Refer to indoor unit service manual for how to use the controllers and request codes for indoor unit.

Request code	Request content	Description (Display range)	Unit	Remarks
0	Operation state	Refer to 10-1-1. Detail Contents in Request Code.	_	
1	Compressor-Operating current (rms)	0–50	A	
2	Compressor-Accumulated operating time	0–9999	10 hours	
3	Compressor-Number of operating time	0–9999	100 times	
4	Discharge temperature (TH4)	3–217	°C	
5	Outdoor unit -Liquid pipe 1 temperature (TH3)	-40-90	°C	
6	Outdoor drift Elquid pipe 1 temperature (1110)	40-30	C	
7	Outdoor unit-2-phase pipe temperature (TH6)	-39-88	°C	
8	Outdoor unit-Suction pipe temperature (TH32)	-39-88	°	SHW model only
9	Outdoor unit-Outside air temperature (TH7)	-39-88	°C	Crive model only
10	Outdoor unit-Heat sink temperature (TH8)	-40-200	°C	
11	Catagor and Float only temperature (Flo)	10 200	- U	
12	Discharge superheat (SHd)	0–255	°C	
13	Sub-cool (SC)	0–130	°C	
14	Condensing temperature (Тезня)	-39–88	°C	
15	Conditioning Comporations (1997)	00 00	- U	
16	Compressor-Operating frequency	0–255	Hz	
17	Compressor-Target operating frequency	0–255	Hz	
18	Outdoor unit-Fan output step	0–10	Step	
	Outdoor unit-Fan 1 speed		·	
19	(Only for air conditioners with DC fan motor)	0–9999	rpm	
	Outdoor unit-Fan 2 speed			"0" is displayed if the air conditioner is a single-fan
20	(Only for air conditioners with DC fan motor)	0–9999	rpm	type.
21	(emy for all contained man 20 fair motor)			1,500
22	LEV (A) opening	0–500	Pulses	
	LEV (B) opening	0–500	Pulses	
24	LEV (C) opening	0–500	Pulses	SHW model only
25	Primary current	0–50	А	,
26	DC bus voltage	180–370	V	
27				
28				
29				
30				
31				
32				
33				
34				
35				
36				
37				
38				
39				
40				
41				
42				
43				
44				
46				
47				
	Thermostat ON operating time	0–999	Minutes	
48	Thermostat ON operating time	0 000		

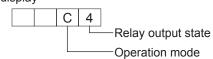
Request code	Request content	Description (Display range)	Unit	Remarks
50				
51	Outdoor unit-Control state	Refer to 10-1-1. Detail Contents in Request Code.	-	
52	1	Refer to 10-1-1. Detail Contents in Request Code.	_	
53		Refer to 10-1-1. Detail Contents in Request Code.		
54		Refer to 10-1-1.Detail Contents in Request Code.  Refer to 10-1-1.Detail Contents in Request Code.		
55 56	Error content (U9)	Reier to 10-1-1. Detail Contents if Request Code.		
57				
58				
59				
60				
61				
62				
63				
64				
65				
66				
67				
68				
69				
70	Outdoor unit-Capacity setting display	Refer to 11-1-1. Detail Contents in Request Code.	_	
71	Outdoor unit-Setting information	Refer to 11-1-1. Detail Contents in Request Code.	_	
72 73				
74				
75				
76				
77				
78				
79				
80				
81				
82				
83				
84				
85				
86				
87				
88				
89				
90	Outdoor unit-Microprocessor version information	Examples) Ver 5.01 → "0501"	Ver	
91	Outdoor unit-Microprocessor version information (sub No.)	Auxiliary information (displayed after version information) Examples) Ver 5.01 A000 → "A000"	_	
92		p 11, 31 515 11 555 1 7 1500		
93				
94				
95				
96				
97				
98				
99				
100	Outdoor unit - Error postponement history 1 (latest)	Displays postponement code. (" " is displayed if no postponement code is present)	Code	
101	Outdoor unit - Error postponement history 2 (previous)	Displays postponement code. (" " is displayed if no postponement code is present)	Code	
102	Outdoor unit - Error postponement history 3 (last but one)	Displays postponement code. (" " is displayed if no postponement code is present)	Code	

Request code	Request content	Description (Display range)	Unit	Remarks
103	Error history 1 (latest)	Displays error history. ("" is displayed if no history is present.)	Code	
104	Error history 2 (second to last)	Displays error history. (" " is displayed if no history is present.)	Code	
105	Error history 3 (third to last)	Displays error history. (" " is displayed if no history is present.)	Code	
106	(TH3/TH6/TH7/TH8)	3 : TH3 6 : TH6 7 : TH7 8 : TH8 0 : No thermistor error	Sensor number	
107	Operation mode at time of error	Displayed in the same way as request code "0"-	-	
108	1 0	0–50	А	
109	-	0–9999	10 hours	
110		0–9999	100 times	
111	Discharge temperature at time of error	3–217	°C	
112	Outdoor unit - Liquid pipe 1 temperature (TH3) at time of error	-40-90	℃	
113				
114	Outdoor unit-2-phase pipe temperature (TH6) at time of error	-39-88	°C	
115				
116	Outdoor unit-Outside air temperature (TH7) at time of error	-39-88	$^{\circ}$	
117	Outdoor unit-Heat sink temperature (TH8) at time of error	-40-200	$^{\circ}$	
118	Discharge superheat (SHd) at time of error	0–255	$^{\circ}$	
119	Sub-cool (SC) at time of error	0–130	°C	
120	Compressor-Operating frequency at time of error	0–255	Hz	
121	Outdoor unit at time of error • Fan output step	0–10	Step	
122	Outdoor unit at time of error • Fan 1 speed (Only for air conditioners with DC fan)	0–9999	rpm	
123	Outdoor unit at time of error • Fan 2 speed (Only for air conditioners with DC fan)	0–9999	rpm	"0"is displayed if the air conditioner is a single- fan type.
124				
125	LEV (A) opening at time of error	0–500	Pulses	
126	LEV (B) opening at time of error	0–500	Pulses	
127				
128				
129	Condensing temperature (T <sub>63Hs</sub> ) at the time of error	-39-88	°C	
130	Thermostat ON time until operation stops due to error	0–999	Minutes	

#### 10-1-1. Detail Contents in Request Code

#### [Operation state] (Request code :"0")

#### Data display



#### Operation mode

Display	Operation mode
0	STOP • FAN
С	COOL • DRY
Н	HEAT
d	DEFROST

#### Relay output state

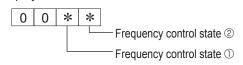
Display	Power currently supplied to compressor	Compressor	Four-way valve	Solenoid valve
0	_	-	_	_
1				ON
2			ON	
3			ON	ON
4		ON		
5		ON		ON
6		ON	ON	
7		ON	ON	ON
8	ON			
Α	ON		ON	

#### [Outdoor unit - Control state] (Request code :" 51")

D	Data display			State
0	0	0	0	Normal
0	0	0	1	Preparing for heat operation
0	0	0	2	Defrost

#### [Compressor - Frequency control state] (Request code: "52")

#### Data display



#### Frequency control state ①

Display	Current limit control
0	No current limit
1	Primary current limit control is ON.
2	Secondary current limit control is ON.

#### Frequency control state ②

D: 1	Discharge temperature	Condensation temperature	Anti-freeze	Heat sink temperature
Display	overheat prevention	overheat prevention	protection control	overheat prevention
0				
1	Controlled			
2		Controlled		
3	Controlled	Controlled		
4			Controlled	
5	Controlled		Controlled	
6		Controlled	Controlled	
7	Controlled	Controlled	Controlled	
8				Controlled
9	Controlled			Controlled
Α		Controlled		Controlled
b	Controlled	Controlled		Controlled
С			Controlled	Controlled
d	Controlled		Controlled	Controlled
Е		Controlled	Controlled	Controlled
F	Controlled	Controlled	Controlled	Controlled

#### [Fan control state] (Request code: "53")



Fan step correction value by heat sink temperature overheat prevention control

Fan step correction value by cool condensation temperature overheat prevention control

Display	Correction value
- (minus)	-1
0	0
1	+1
2	+2

#### [Actuator output state] (Request code :"54")

Data display 0 \* -Actuator output state ① -Actuator output state ②

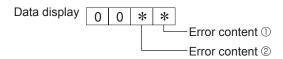
Actuator output state ①

Display	SV1	Four-way valve	Compressor	Compressor is warming up
0				
1	ON			
2		ON		
3	ON	ON		
4			ON	
5	ON		ON	
6		ON	ON	
7	ON	ON	ON	
8				ON
9	ON			ON
Α		ON		ON
b	ON	ON		ON
С			ON	ON
d	ON		ON	ON
Е		ON	ON	ON
F	ON	ON	ON	ON

Actuator output state ②

Display	52C	SV2	SS
0			
1	ON		
2		ON	
3	ON	ON	
4			ON
5	ON		ON
6		ON	ON
7	ON	ON	ON

#### [Error content (U9)] (Request code :"55")



Error conte	Error content ① • : Detected				
Dioploy	Overvoltage	Undervoltage	L <sub>1</sub> -phase	Power synchronizing	
Display	error	error	open error	signal error	
0					
1	•				
2		•			
3	•	•			
4			•		
5	•		•		
6		•	•		
7	•	•	•		
8				•	
9	•			•	
А		•		•	
b	•	•		•	
С			•	•	
d	•		•	•	
Е		•	•	•	
F	•	•	•	•	

Error content ②

Display

0 1

2 3 Converter Fo

error

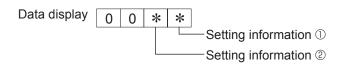
PAM error

: Detected

#### [Outdoor unit -- Capacity setting display] (Request code: "70")

Data display	Capacity
9	35
10	50
11	60
14	71
20	100
25	125
28	140
40	200
50	250

### [Outdoor unit - Setting information] (Request code : "71")



#### Setting information ①

Display Defrost mode	
0	Standard
1	For high humidity

#### Setting information ②

Setting information @		
Display	Single-/	Heat pump/
	3-phase	cooling only
0	Single-phase	Heat pump
1		Cooling only
2	3-phase	Heat pump
3		Cooling only

#### 11

## **DISASSEMBLY PROCEDURE**

**PUHZ-SHW80VAA.UK** PUHZ-SHW80VAA-BS.UK **PUHZ-SW100VAA.UK** PUHZ-SW100VAA-BS.UK

PUHZ-SHW112VAA.UK PUHZ-SHW112VAA-BS.UK **PUHZ-SW100YAA.UK** PUHZ-SW100YAA-BS.UK

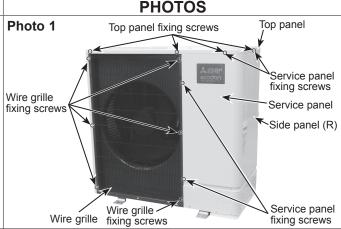
**PUHZ-SHW80YAA.UK** PUHZ-SHW80YAA-BS.UK **PUHZ-SHW112YAA.UK** PUHZ-SHW112YAA-BS.UK

#### **OPERATING PROCEDURE**

#### 1. Removing the service panel and top panel

- (1) Remove the service panel fixing screws (3 for front and 1 for right/ 5 × 12), then slide the service panel downward to remove it.
  - (The service panel is fixed to the side panel (R) with a hook on the right side.)
- (2) Remove the top panel fixing screws (3 for front, 3 for rear and 1 for right/  $5 \times 12$ ) to remove the top panel.

Note 1: When removing service panel and top panel at the same time, count 2 less screws since they share a screws.



#### 2. Removing the fan motor (MF1)

- Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1)
- Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1)
- Remove the wire grille fixing screws (6 for front/ 5 × 12), then slide the wire grille upward to remove it. (See Photo 1)
- Remove the screw of nut (1 for front/ M6), then slide the propeller fan forward to remove it.
- Disconnect the connector CNF1 (WH) on the controller circuit board in the electrical parts box.
- Loosen the clamps for the lead wire on motor support and separator.
- Loosen the edge cover for the lead wire on separator.
- Remove the fan motor fixing screws (4 for front/ 5 × 20) to remove the fan motor.

Note 1: When attaching the fan motor, make sure to route the cable through the hook below the fan motor and fix firmly with the clamp.

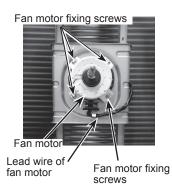
Note 2: Tighten the propeller fan with a torque of 5.7  $\pm$  0.3 N·m.

## Photo 2-1

# Propeller Nut

Front panel

Photo 2-2



#### 3. Removing the electrical parts box

- Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1)
- Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1)
- Disconnect the power supply cable from terminal block.
- Disconnect the indoor/outdoor connecting wire from terminal block.
- Loosen the cable strap for the lead wire on the comp case (front). Disconnect the connectors CNF1 (WH), TH3 (WH), TH4 (WH), TH7/6 (RD), TH32 (BK)(\*1), TH33 (YE), 63H (YE), 63L (RD), 63HS (WH), 21S4 (GN), LEV-A (WH), LEV-B (RD) and LEV-C (BU)(\*1) from the controller circuit board.
  - <Symbols on the board>
     Fan motor (CNF1)

  - Thermistor `<Liquid> (TH3)
  - Thermistor <Discharge> (TH4)
  - Thermistor <Ambient/2-Phase Pipe> (TH7/6)

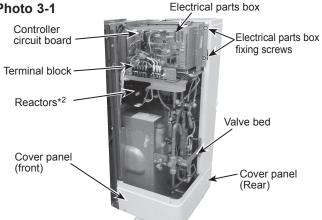
  - Thermistor <Suction> (TH32)(\*1) Thermistor <Comp. Surface> (TH33)
  - High pressure switch (63H)
  - Low pressure switch (63L)
  - High pressure sensor (63HS)

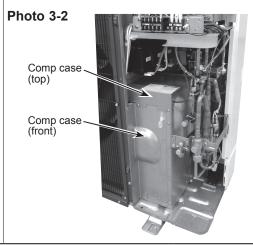
  - 4-way valve (21S4) LEV (LEV-A, LEV-B, LEV-C(\*1))
- (7) Disconnect the connectors ACL1 (RD), ACL2(WH) and ACL3(BK) on reactors in the separator.\*
- Remove the cover panel (front) fixing screws (1 for front
- and 1 for right/ 5 × 12) to remove the cover panel (front). Remove the comp case (top) fixing screws (2 for front and 1 for right/ 4 × 10) to remove the comp case (top).
- (10) Remove the comp case (front) fixing screws (4 for front and 2 for right/  $4 \times 10$ ) to remove the comp case (front).
- (11) Loosen the clamps, fasteners, band and cable straps for the lead wire in the electrical parts box and separator.
- (12) To disconnect the COMP lead wire, remove the terminal cover. (13) Remove the electrical parts box fixing screws (2 for front/ 5 × 12), then
- slide the electrical parts box upward to remove it. (The electrical parts box is fixed to the side panel (R) with a hook on

the right side, and to the separator duct with a hook on the left side.)

- \*1 For SHW model only
- \*2 For SW100Y and SHW·Y model only

#### Photo 3-1





#### Disassembling the electrical parts box (V model only)

- (1) Remove the electrical parts box. (See Photo 3-1)
- (2) Disconnect all the connectors on the controller circuit board.
- (3) To remove the controller circuit board, release it from the support.
- (4) Remove the cont base front fixing screws (3 for front/ 4 × 10) to remove the cont base front.
  - (The cont base front is fixed to the electrical parts box with a hook on the left side.)
- (5) Disconnect all the connectors on the power circuit board.
- (6) To remove the power circuit board, remove the power circuit board fixing screws (4 for front/ 3 x 12, 2 for front/ 4 x 18, and 1 for front/ 4x10), then release the board from the support.
- (7) Remove the reactor (DCL1, DCL2, DCL3) fixing screws (6 for rear/ 4 × 10) to remove the reactor, then disconnect the connectors on reactor.
- Remove the thermistor <Heat sink> (TH8) fixing screws (2 for front/ 3 × 12) to remove the thermistor <Heat sink>
- (9) To remove the heat sink, remove the heat sink duct fixing screws (6 for front/ 4 × 10), then slide the heat sink duct sideways to remove the heat sink.

Note 1: When reassembling the electrical parts box, make sure the wirings are correct.

#### **PHOTOS**

Photo 4-1

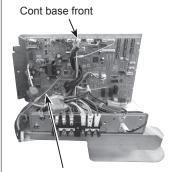


Photo 4-2

Power circuit board

Controller circuit board

Photo 4-3

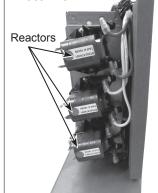
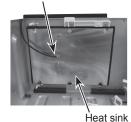


Photo 4-4

Thermistor <Heat sink> (TH8)

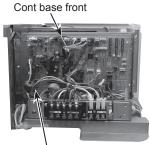


5. Disassembling the electrical parts box (Y model only)

- (1) Remove the electrical parts box. (See Photo 3-1)
- (2) Disconnect all the connectors on the controller circuit board. (3) To remove the controller circuit board, release it from the support.
- (4) Remove the cont base front fixing screws (3 for front/ 4 × 10) to remove the cont base front.
  - (The cont base front is fixed to the electrical parts box with a hook on the left side.)
- Disconnect all the connectors on the noise filter circuit board.
- To remove the noise filter circuit board, release it from the support.
- (7) Remove the cont base fixing screws (3 for front/ 4 × 10) to remove the cont base.
  - (The cont base is fixed to the electrical parts box with a hook on the left side.)
- (8) Disconnect all the connectors on the converter circuit board. (The converter circuit board is attached to the rear side of the cont base.)
- To remove the converter circuit board, release it from the support.
- (10) Disconnect all the connectors on the power circuit board.
- (11) To remove the power circuit board, remove the power circuit board fixing screws (4 for front/ 4 × 14), then release the board from the support.
- (12) Remove the thermistor <Heat sink> (TH8) fixing screws (2 for front/ 3 × 12) to remove the thermistor <Heat sink> (TH8).
- (13) Disconnect the connectors on reactor (ACL4), resistor (RS) and capacitor (CK) first, then remove the fixing screws of reactor, resistor and capacitor (4 for front/ 4 × 10), and remove reactor, resistor and capacitor.
- (14) To remove the heat sink, remove the heat sink duct fixing screws (6 for front/ 4 × 18), then slide the heat sink duct sideways to remove the heat sink.

Note 1: When reassembling the electrical parts box, make sure the wirings are correct.

Photo 5-1



Controller circuit board

Photo 5-3

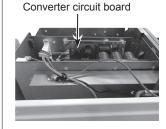
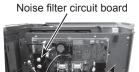


Photo 5-2



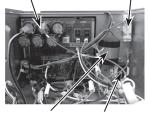


Cont base

Photo 5-4

Power circuit board





Capacitor Reactor

Photo 5-5



Heat sink Thermistor <Heat sink> (TH8)

#### 6. Removing the thermistor <2-Phase Pipe> (TH6)

- (1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1)
- (2) Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1)
- (3) Disconnect the connector TH7/6 (RD) on the controller circuit board in the electrical parts box. (See Photo 3-1)
- (4) Loosen the fasteners and wire clips for the lead wire in the electrical parts box.
- (5) Loosen the clamp for the lead wire on the rear of electrical parts box.
- (6) Pull out the thermistor <2-phase pipe> (TH6) from thermistor clip.

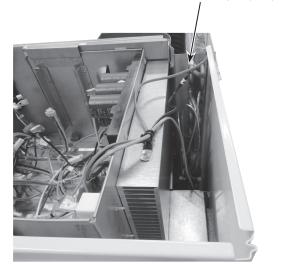
Note 1: When replacing thermistor <2-phase pipe> (TH6), replace it together with thermistor <Ambient> (TH7) since they are combined together.

Refer to procedure No.7 to remove the thermistor <Ambient> (TH7).

#### **PHOTOS**

#### Photo 6

Thermistor <2-Phase Pipe> (TH6)



#### 7. Removing the thermistor <Ambient> (TH7)

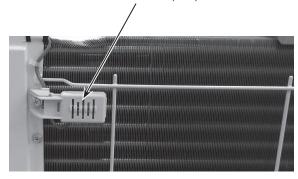
- (1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1)
- (2) Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1)
- (3) Disconnect the connector TH7/6 (RD) on the controller circuit board in the electrical parts box. (See Photo 3-1)
- (4) Loosen the fasteners and wire clips for the lead wire in the electrical parts box.
- (5) Loosen the clamps for the lead wire on rear of electrical parts box.
- (6) Remove the sensor holder fixing screw (1 for rear/ 5 × 12) to remove the sensor holder.
- (7) Pull out the thermistor <Ambient> (TH7) from sensor holder.

Note 1: When replacing thermistor <Ambient> (TH7), replace it together with thermistor <2-phase pipe> (TH6), since they are combined together.

Refer to procedure No.6 to remove the thermistor <2-phase pipe>(TH6).

#### Photo 7

Thermistor < Ambient > (TH7) and sensor holder

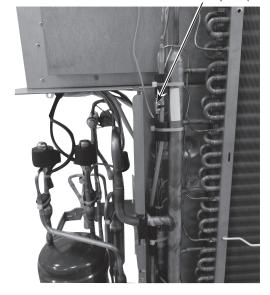


#### 8. Removing the thermistor <Liquid> (TH3)

- (1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1)
- (2) Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1)
- (3) Remove the cover panel (front). (See Photo 3-1)
- (4) Remove the cover panel (rear) fixing screws (2 for rear and 2 for right/ 5 × 12) to remove the cover panel (rear). (See Photo 3-1)
- (5) Remove the valve bed fixing screws (2 for front/ 5 × 12) on the side panel (R). (See Photo 3-1)
- (6) Remove the electrical parts box fixing screws (2 for front/  $5 \times 12$ ). (See Photo 3-1)
- (7) Remove the sensor holder.
- (8) Remove the side panel (R) fixing screws (3 for rear/ 5 × 12) to remove the side panel (R). (See Photo 1)
- (9) Disconnect the connector TH3 (WH) on the controller circuit board in the electrical parts box. (See Photo 3-1)
- (10) Loosen the fasteners and wire clips for the lead wire in the electrical parts box.
- (11) Loosen the clamp for the lead wire on the rear of electrical parts box.
- (12) Pull out the thermistor <Liquid> (TH3) from thermistor clip.

#### Photo 8

Thermistor < Liquid > (TH3)



- Removing the thermistor <Discharge> (TH4), thermistor <Suction> (TH32)(\*1) and thermistor <Comp. Surface> (TH33)
  - (1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1)
  - (2) Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1)
  - (3) Remove the cover panel (front). (See Photo 3-1)
  - (4) Remove the comp case (top). (See Photo 3-2)
  - (5) Remove the comp case (front). (See Photo 3-2)
  - (6) Disconnect the connectors TH4 (WH), TH32 (BK)(\*1) and TH33 (YE) on the controller circuit board in the electrical parts box. (See Photo 3-1)
  - (7) Loosen the fasteners, wire clip and cable straps for the lead wire in the electrical parts box.
  - (8) Loosen the bands for the lead wire.
  - (9) Loosen the clamps for the lead wire in the separator.
  - (10) Loosen the edge cover for the lead wire on the comp case (side).
  - (11) Pull out the thermistor < Discharge > (TH4) from thermistor holder.
  - (12) Pull out the thermistor <Comp. Surface> (TH33) from thermistor holder.
  - (13) Loosen the lead wires fixed to the pipes with bands.\*1
  - (14) Pull out the thermistor <Suction> (TH32) from thermistor clip.\*1
  - \*1 For SHW-model only

#### **PHOTOS**

Photo 9-1

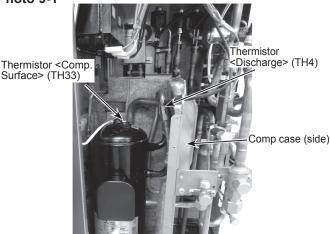
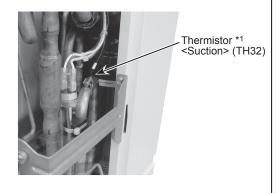


Photo 9-2



- Removing the 4-way valve coil (21S4), LEV coil (LEV-A, LEV-B, LEV-C(\*1)), lead wire for high pressure switch, low pressure switch, and high pressure sensor.
  - (1) Remove the electrical parts box. (See Photo 3-1)
  - (2) Loosen the bands for the lead wire.

[Removing the 4-way valve coil]

- (3) Remove the 4-way valve coil fixing screw (1 for right/ M5) to remove the 4-way valve coil.
- (4) Slide the 4-way valve coil rightward to remove it.

[Removing the LEV coil]

- (3) Loosen the lead wires fixed to the pipes with bands.
- (4) Slide the LEV coil upward to remove it.

[Removing the lead wire for high pressure switch]

(3) Disconnect the lead wire from the high pressure switch.

[Removing the lead wire for low pressure switch]

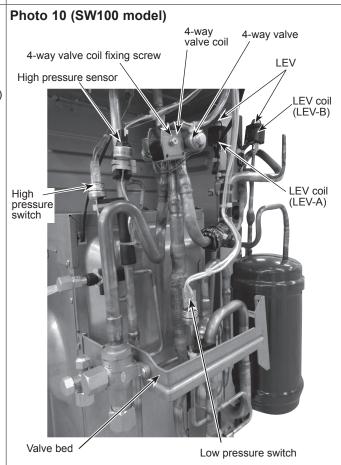
- (3) Loosen the lead wires fixed to the pipes with band.
- (4) Disconnect the lead wire from the low pressure switch.

[Removing the lead wire for high pressure sensor]

(3) Disconnect the lead wire from the high pressure sensor.

Note1 : For SHW model, please see Photo 11.

\*1 For SHW-model only



- 11. Removing the 4-way valve, LEV (LEV-A, LEV-B, LEV-C(\*1)), high pressure switch, low pressure switch and high pressure sensor.
  - (1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1)
  - (2) Recover refrigerant.
  - (3) Remove the electrical parts box. (See Photo 3-1)
  - (4) Remove the valve bed fixing screws (3 for front/ 5 x 12) and the ball valve and stop valve fixing screws (4 for fornt/ 5 x 16) to remove the valve bed.
  - (5) Remove the side panel (R). (See Photo 1)

#### [Removing the 4-way valve]

- (6) Remove the 4-way valve coil.
- (7) Remove the welded part of 4-way valve (4 positions) to remove the 4-way valve.

#### [Removing the LEV]

- (6) Remove the LEV coil.
- (7) Loosen the LEV fixed to the pipe with band and rubber mount.
- (8) Remove the welded part of LEV (2 positions) to remove the LEV.

#### [Removing the pressure switch]

- (6) Disconnect the lead wire from the pressure switch.
- (7) Loosen the pressure switch fixed to the pipe with band and rubber mount.
- (8) Remove the welded part of pressure switch (1 position) to remove the pressure switch.

#### [Removing the high pressure sensor]

- (6) Disconnect the lead wire from the high pressure sensor.
- (7) Loosen the high pressure sensor fixed to the pipe with band and rubber mount.
- (8) Remove the welded part of high pressure sensor (1 position) to remove the high pressure sensor.

# Note 1: Recover refrigerant without spreading it in the air. Note 2: When installing the following parts, cover it with a wet cloth to prevent it from heating as the tem-

a wet cloth to prevent it from heating as the temperature below, then braze the pipes so that the inside of pipes are not oxidized;

- 4-way valve, 120°C or more
- LEV, 120°C or more
- High pressure switch, 100°C or more
- Low pressure switch, 100°C or more
- High pressure sensor, 100°C or more
- \*1 For SHW-model only

#### 12. Removing the compressor (MC)

- (1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1)
- (2) Recover refrigerant.
- (3) Remove the electrical parts box. (See Photo 3-1)
- (4) Remove the valve bed. (See Photo 3-1)
- (5) Remove the side panel (R). (See Photo 1)
- (6) Remove the thermistor <Liquid> (TH3), thermistor <2-Phase Pipe> (TH6), thermistor <Ambient> (TH7), thermistor <Discharge> (TH4), thermistor <Suction> (TH32)<sup>(\*1)</sup> and thermistor <Comp. Surface> (TH33).
- (7) Remove the 4-way valve coil and LEV coil.
- (8) Disconnect the lead wire from the pressure switch and sensor
- (9) Remove the comp case (side) fixing screws (1 for front and 1 for right/ 4 × 10) to remove the comp case (side).
- (10) Remove the hic top support fixing screw (1 for front/ 4 × 10) to remove the hic top support.\*1
- (11) Remove the welded part (Joint part of the compressor, heat exchanger and receiver) of piping (SW100 model for 6 positions, SHW model for 7 positions), then slide the piping upward to remove it.
- (12) Remove the compressor fixing nuts (3 for top/ M6) to remove the compressor.

Note 1: Recover refrigerant without spreading it in the air.

2: Tighten the nuts of compressor with a torque of 4 ± 0.4 N·m.

\*1 For SHW-model only

#### **PHOTOS**

#### Photo 11 (SHW model)

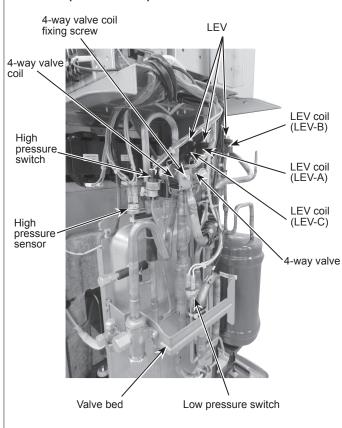
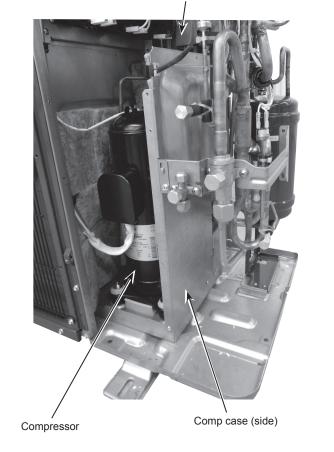


Photo 12

Hic top support \*1



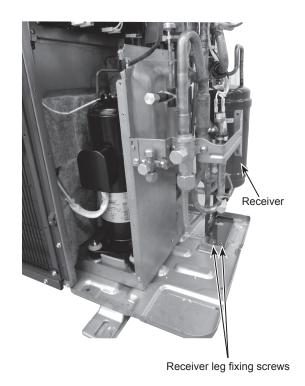
#### 13. Removing the receiver

- (1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1)
- (2) Recover refrigerant.
- (3) Remove the piping.
- (4) Remove the receiver leg fixing screws (2 for top/ 4 × 10), then slide the receiver upward to remove it. (The receiver is fixed to the base with a hook on the bottom.)

#### Note 1: Recover refrigerant without spreading it in the air.

#### **PHOTOS**

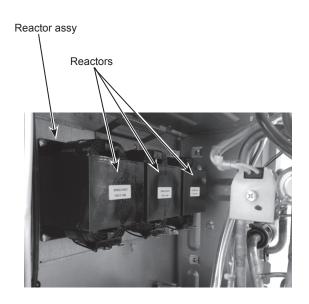
#### Photo 13



#### 14. Removing the reactor (ACL1, ACL2, ACL3) (Y model only) Photo 14

- (1) Remove the electrical parts box. (See Photo 3-1)
- (2) Remove the reactor assy fixing screws (8 for right/ 4 × 10), then slide the reactor assy upward to remove it.
- (3) Remove the reactor fixing screws (4 for front/  $4 \times 10$ ) to remove the reactor on the reactor assy.

Note 1: Pay extra attention when handling the reactor since it is very heavy (4.1 kg).



#### PUHZ-SW75VAA.UK PUHZ-SW75VAA-BS.UK

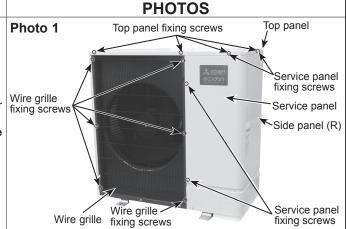
#### PUHZ-SW75YAA.UK PUHZ-SW75YAA-BS.UK

#### **OPERATING PROCEDURE**

#### 1. Removing the service panel and top panel

- (1) Remove the service panel fixing screws (3 for front and 1 for right/ 5 × 12), then slide the service panel downward to remove it.
  - (The service panel is fixed to the side panel (R) with a hook on the right side.)
- (2) Remove the top panel fixing screws (3 for front, 3 for rear and 1 for right/  $5 \times 12$ ) to remove the top panel.

Note 1: When removing service panel and top panel at the same time, count 2 less screws since they share a screws.



#### 2. Removing the fan motor (MF1)

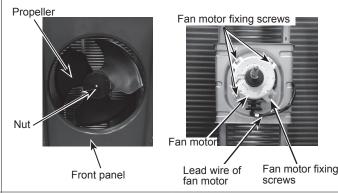
- (1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1)
- (2) Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1)
- (3) Remove the wire grille fixing screws (6 for front/  $5 \times 12$ ). then slide the wire grille upward to remove it. (See Photo 1)
- (4) Remove the screw of nut (1 for front/ M6), then slide the propeller fan forward to remove it.
- (5) Disconnect the connector CNF1 (WH) on the controller circuit board in the electrical parts box. (See Photo 4)
- (6) Loosen the clamps for the lead wire on motor support and separator.
- (7) Loosen the edge cover for the lead wire on separator.
- (8) Remove the fan motor fixing screws (4 for front/ 5 × 20) to remove the fan motor.

Note 1: When attaching the fan motor, make sure to route the cable through the hook below the fan motor and fix firmly with the clamp.

Note 2: Tighten the propeller fan with a torque of 5.7 ± 0.3 N·m.

#### Photo 2-1

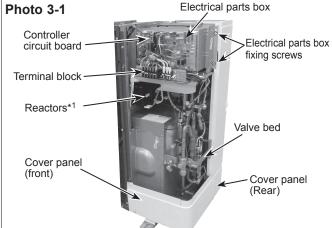
Photo 2-2

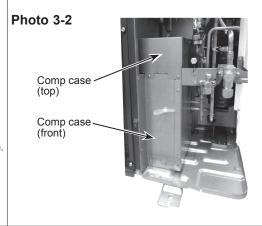


#### 3. Removing the electrical parts box

- Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1)
- Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1)
- Disconnect the power supply cable from terminal block.
- Disconnect the indoor/outdoor connecting wire from terminal block. Loosen the cable strap for the lead wire on the comp case (front).
- Disconnect the connectors CNF1 (WH), TH3 (WH), TH4
- (WH), TH7/6 (RD), TH33 (YE), 63H (YE), 63HS (WH), 21S4 (GN), LÈV-Á (WH) and LEV-B (RD) from the controller circuit board.
  - <Symbols on the board>
  - Fan motor (CNF1)
  - Thermistor <Liquid> (TH3)

  - Thermistor < Discharge> (TH4)
     Thermistor < Ambient/ 2-Phase Pipe> (TH7/6)
  - Thermistor <Comp. Surface> (TH33)
  - High pressure switch (63H)
  - High pressure sensor (63HS)
  - 4-way valve (21S4)
- · LEV (LEV-A, LEV-É)
- (7) Disconnect the connectors ACL1 (RD), ACL2 (WH) and ACL3 (BK) on reactors in the separator.\*
- (8) Remove the cover panel (front) fixing screws (1 for front and 1 for right/ 5 × 12) to remove the cover panel (front).
- Remove the comp case (top) fixing screws (2 for front and 1 for right/ 4 × 10) to remove the comp case (top).
- (10) Remove the comp case (front) fixing screws (4 for front and 2 for right/ 4 × 10) to remove the comp case (front).
- Loosen the clamps, fasteners, band and cable straps for the lead wire in the electrical parts box and separator.
- (12) To disconnect the COMP lead wire, remove the terminal cover, then remove the terminal cover fixing screw of nut (1 for front/ M5).
- (13) Remove the electrical parts box fixing screws (2 for front/ 5 × 12), then slide the electrical parts box upward to remove it. (The electrical parts box is fixed to the side panel (R) with a hook on the right side, and to the separator duct with a hook on the left side.)
- \*1 For SW75Y model only





#### 4. Disassembling the electrical parts box (V model only)

- (1) Remove the electrical parts box. (See Photo 3-1)
- Disconnect all the connectors on the controller circuit board.
- (3) To remove the controller circuit board, release it from the support.
- (4) Remove the cont base front fixing screws (3 for front/ 4 × 10) to remove the cont base front.
  - (The cont base front is fixed to the electrical parts box with a hook on the left side.)
- (5) Disconnect all the connectors on the power circuit board.
- (6) To remove the power circuit board, remove the power circuit board fixing screws (4 for front/ 3 × 12, 2 for front/ 4 × 18, and 1 for front 4 × 10), then release the board from the support.
- (7) Remove the reactor (DCL1, DCL2, DCL3) fixing screws (6 for rear/ 4 × 10) to remove the reactor, then disconnect the connectors on reactor.
- (8) Remove the thermistor <Heat sink> (TH8) fixing screws (2 for front/ 3 × 12) to remove the thermistor <Heat sink> (TH8).
- (9) To remove the heat sink, remove the heat sink duct fixing screws (6 for front/ 4 × 10), then slide the heat sink duct sideways to remove the heat sink.

Note 1: When reassembling the electrical parts box, make sure the wirings are correct.

#### **PHOTOS**

Photo 4-1

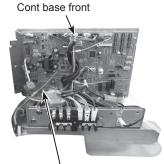
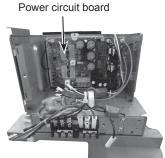


Photo 4-2



Controller circuit board

Photo 4-3

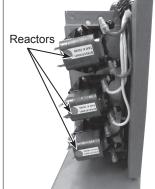


Photo 4-4

Thermistor <Heat sink> (TH8)

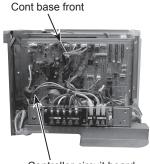


Heat sink

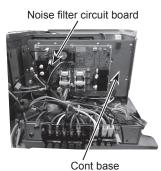
#### 5. Disassembling the electrical parts box (Y model only)

- (1) Remove the electrical parts box. (See Photo 3-1)
- (2) Disconnect all the connectors on the controller circuit board.
- (3) To remove the controller circuit board, release it from the support.
- (4) Remove the cont base front fixing screws (3 for front/ 4 × 10) to remove the cont base front.
  - (The cont base front is fixed to the electrical parts box with a hook on the left side.)
- (5) Disconnect all the connectors on the noise filter circuit board.
- (6) To remove the noise filter circuit board, release it from the support.
- (7) Remove the cont base fixing screws (3 for front/ 4 × 10) to remove the cont base.
  - (The cont base is fixed to the electrical parts box with a hook on the left side.)
- (8) Disconnect all the connectors on the converter circuit board. (The converter circuit board is attached to the rear side of the cont base.)
- (9) To remove the converter circuit board, release it from the support.
- (10) Disconnect all the connectors on the power circuit board.
- (11) To remove the power circuit board, remove the power circuit board fixing screws (4 for front/ 4 × 14), then release the board from the support.
- (12) Remove the thermistor <Heat sink> (TH8) fixing screws (2 for front/ 3 × 12) to remove the thermistor <Heat sink> (TH8).
- (13) Disconnect the connectors on reactor (ACL4), resistor (RS) and capacitor (CK) first, then remove the fixing screws of reactor, resistor and capacitor (4 for front/ 4 × 10), and remove reactor, resistor, and capacitor.
- (14) To remove the heat sink, remove the heat sink duct fixing screws (6 for front/ 4 × 18), then slide the heat sink duct sideways to remove the heat sink.
- Note 1: When reassembling the electrical parts box, make sure the wirings are correct.

#### Photo 5-1



#### Photo 5-2



Controller circuit board

Photo 5-3

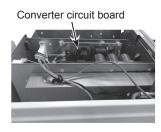
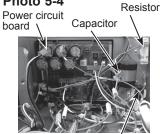


Photo 5-4



Reactor

Photo 5-5



Heat sink

Thermistor <Heat sink> (TH8)

#### 6. Removing the thermistor <2-Phase Pipe> (TH6)

- (1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1)
- (2) Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1)
- (3) Disconnect the connector TH7/6 (RD) on the controller circuit board in the electrical parts box. (See Photo 3-1)
- (4) Loosen the fasteners and wire clips for the lead wire in the electrical parts box.
- (5) Loosen the clamp for the lead wire on the rear of electrical parts box.
- (6) Pull out the thermistor <2-phase pipe> (TH6) from thermistor clip.

Note 1: When replacing thermistor <2-phase pipe> (TH6), replace it together with thermistor <Ambient> (TH7) since they are combined together. Refer to procedure No.7 to remove the thermistor <Ambient> (TH7).

#### **PHOTOS**

#### Photo 6

Thermistor <2-Phase Pipe> (TH6)



#### 7. Removing the thermistor <Ambient> (TH7)

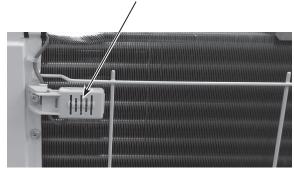
- (1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1)
- (2) Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1)
- (3) Disconnect the connector TH7/6 (RD) on the controller circuit board in the electrical parts box. (See Photo 3-1)
- (4) Loosen the fasteners and wire clips for the lead wire in the electrical parts box.
- (5) Loosen the clamps for the lead wire on rear of electrical parts box.
- (6) Remove the sensor holder fixing screw (1 for rear/ 5 × 12) to remove the sensor holder.
- (7) Pull out the thermistor <Ambient> (TH7) from sensor holder.

Note 1: When replacing thermistor <Ambient> (TH7), replace it together with thermistor <2-phase pipe> (TH6), since they are combined together.

Refer to procedure No.6 to remove the thermistor <2-phase pipe>(TH6).

#### Photo 7

Thermistor < Ambient > (TH7) and sensor holder

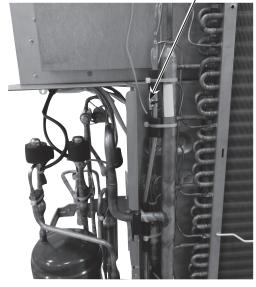


#### 8. Removing the thermistor <Liquid> (TH3)

- (1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1)
- (2) Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1)
- (3) Remove the cover panel (front). (See Photo 3-1)
- (4) Remove the cover panel (rear) fixing screws (2 for rear and 2 for right/ 5 × 12) to remove the cover panel (rear). (See Photo 3-2)
- (5) Remove the valve bed fixing screws (2 for front/ 5 × 12) on the side panel (R). (See Photo 3-1)
- (6) Remove the electrical parts box fixing screws (2 for front/ 5 × 12). (See Photo 3-1)
- (7) Remove the sensor holder.
- (8) Remove the side panel (R) fixing screws (3 for rear/  $5 \times 12$ ) to remove the side panel (R). (See Photo 1)
- (9) Disconnect the connector TH3 (WH) on the controller circuit board in the electrical parts box. (See Photo 3-1)
- (10) Loosen the fasteners and wire clips for the lead wire in the electrical parts box.
- (11) Loosen the clamp for the lead wire on the rear of electrical parts box.
- (12) Pull out the thermistor < Liquid > (TH3) from thermistor clip.

#### Photo 8

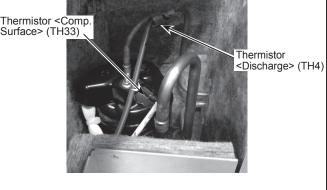
Thermistor <Liquid> (TH3)



#### 9. Removing the thermistor <Discharge> (TH4) and thermistor <Comp. Surface> (TH33)

- (1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1)
- Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1)
- (3) Remove the cover panel (front). (See Photo 3-1)
- (4) Remove the comp case (top). (See Photo 3-2)
- Remove the comp case (front). (See Photo 3-2)
- (6) Disconnect the connectors TH4 (WH) and TH33(YE) on the controller circuit board in the electrical parts box. (See Photo 3-1)
- Loosen the fasteners, wire clip and cable straps for the lead wire in the electrical parts box.
- (8) Loosen the bands for the lead wire.
- (9) Loosen the clamps for the lead wire in the separator.
- (10) Pull out the thermistor < Discharge > (TH4) from thermistor holder.
- (11) Pull out the thermistor < Comp. Surface> (TH33) from thermistor holder, then remove the terminal cover fixing screw of nut (1 for front/ M5).

Photo 9



**PHOTOS** 

#### 10. Removing the 4-way valve coil (21S4), LEV coil (LEV-A, LEV-B) and lead wire for high pressure switch and high pressure sensor.

- (1) Remove the electrical parts box. (See Photo 3-1)
- (2) Loosen the bands for the lead wire.

[Removing the 4-way valve coil]

- (3) Remove the 4-way valve coil fixing screw (1 for front/ M5) to remove the 4-way valve coil.
- (4) Slide the 4-way valve coil forward to remove it.

[Removing the LEV coil]

- Loosen the lead wires fixed to the pipes with bands.
- Slide the LEV coil upward to remove it.

[Removing the lead wire for high pressure switch]

(3) Disconnect the lead wire from the high pressure switch.

[Removing the lead wire for high pressure sensor]

(3) Disconnect the lead wire from the high pressure sensor.

#### 11. Removing the 4-way valve, LEV (LEV-A, LEV-B), high pressure switch and high pressure sensor.

- (1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1)
- Recover refrigerant.
- Remove the electrical parts box. (See Photo 3-1)
- Remove the valve bed fixing screws (3 for front  $5 \times 12$ ) and the ball valve and stop valve fixing screws (4 for fornt/ 5 x 16) to remove the valve bed.
- (5) Remove the side panel (R). (See Photo 1)

[Removing the 4-way valve]

- Remove the 4-way valve coil.
- Remove the welded part of 4-way valve (4 positions) to remove the 4-way valve.

[Removing the LEV]

- Remove the LEV coil.
- Loosen the LEV fixed to the pipe with band and rubber mount.
- (8) Remove the welded part of LEV (2 positions) to remove the LEV.

[Removing the high pressure switch]

- Disconnect the lead wire from the high pressure switch.
- Loosen the high pressure switch fixed to the pipe with band and rubber mount.
- Remove the welded part of high pressure switch (1 position) to remove the high pressure switch.

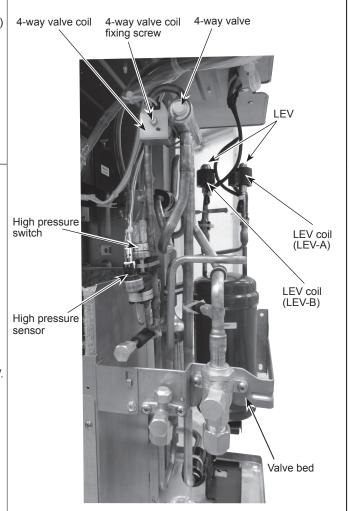
[Removing the high pressure sensor]

- Disconnect the lead wire from the high pressure sensor.
- Loosen the high pressure sensor fixed to the pipe with band and rubber mount.
- Remove the welded part of high pressure sensor (1 position) to remove the high pressure sensor.

Note 1: Recover refrigerant without spreading it in the air. Note 2: When installing the following parts, cover it with a wet cloth to prevent it from heating as the temperature below, then braze the pipes so that the inside of pipes are not oxidized;

- 4-way valve, 120°C or more
- LEV, 120°C or more
- · High pressure switch, 100°C or more
- High pressure sensor, 100°C or more

Photo 10



#### 12. Removing the compressor (MC)

- (1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1)
- (2) Recover refrigerant.
- (3) Remove the electrical parts box. (See Photo 3-1)
- (4) Remove the valve bed. (See Photo 3-1)
- (5) Remove the side panel (R). (See Photo 1)
- (6) Remove the thermistor <Liquid> (TH3), thermistor <2-Phase Pipe> (TH6), thermistor <Ambient> (TH7), thermistor <Discharge> (TH4) and thermistor <Comp. Surface> (TH33).
- (7) Remove the 4-way valve coil and LEV coil.
- (8) Disconnect the lead wire from the pressure switch and sensor.
- (9) Loosen the rubber mount fixed to the receiver pipes with band.
- (10) Remove the comp case (side) fixing screws (1 for front and 1 for right/ 4 x 10) to remove the comp case (side).
- (11) Remove the welded part (Joint part of the compressor, heat exchanger and receiver) of piping (6 positions), then slide the piping upward to remove it.
- (12) Remove the compressor fixing nuts (3 for top/ M6) to remove the compressor.

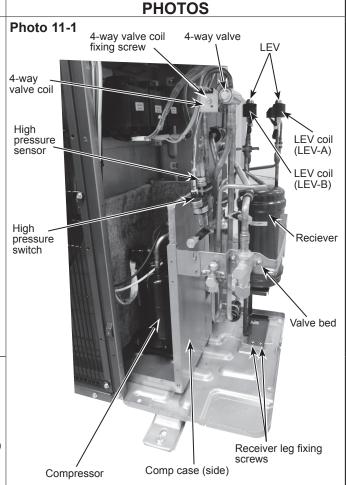
Note 1: Recover refrigerant without spreading it in the air.
2: Tighten the nuts of compressor with a torque of  $4 \pm 0.4 \text{ N·m}$ .

#### 13. Removing the receiver

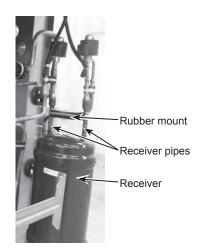
- (1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1)
- (2) Recover refrigerant.
- (3) Remove the piping.
- (4) Remove the receiver leg fixing screws (2 for top/ 4 × 10), then slide the receiver upward to remove it.

(The receiver is fixed to the base with a hook on the bottom.)

Note 1: Recover refrigerant without spreading it in the air.



**Photo 11-2** 



#### 14. Removing the reactor (ACL1, ACL2, ACL3) (Y model only)

- (1) Remove the electrical parts box. (See Photo 3-1)
- (2) Remove the reactor assy fixing screws (8 for right/ 4 × 10), then slide the reactor assy upward to remove it.
- (3) Remove the reactor fixing screws (4 for front/ 4 × 10), to remove the reactor on the reactor assy.

Note 1: Pay extra attention when handling the reactor since it is very heavy (4.1 kg).

#### Photo 12

